

Corner of Main Street and
First Avenue west, West
Duluth, cheap at E. C. Hol-
liday's, 326 W. Sup. St.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

VOL. 7; NO. 280.

DULUTH, MINN., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1890.

Have a large list of Acres.
Call and see them.
E. C. HOLLIDAY,
226 W. Superior Street,
HOTEL ST. LOUIS BUILDING.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

PARTIAL LIST. LAST EDITION.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE IN DOUGLAS COUNTY.

48-13.

120 acres in nw 1-4, section 2, at \$250 per acre.
40 " " " 10, at 200 "
120 " " " 11, at 150 "
80 " " " 13, at 100 "
80 " " " 20, at 75 "
20 " " " 25, at 65 A snap.
160 " " " 33, at 30 per acre.
160 " " " 31, at 37.50 per acre.

48-14.

N E 1-4 of S E 1-4, section 10, \$450 per acre. Easy terms;
on Hammond, adjoining South Superior.
W 1-2 of N W 1-4, section 32, \$35 per acre.

TOWER AVENUE.

We have a few real purchases.

48-15.

160 acres in section 35, \$35 per acre.
160 " " " 34, 35 "

Just as Great Bargains on This Side

MORTGAGES - BOUGHT.

MONEY TO LOAN.

No Delay. - Call at Once.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK
First National Bank Building.

PANTON & WATSON
GLASS BLOCK STORE.

Special Cut Prices
—FOR—

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
RUCHING DEPARTMENT.

500 Yards, Fine Ruching, assorted styles, worth 24 to 50 cents, per yard.
Special cut price for Friday and Saturday, only 15c per yard. See this bargain.

WOOL DEPARTMENT.

100 Pounds best quality Zenher Germantown Wool in the following colors: Olive, Brown, Pea-1 Grey, Yellow, Jod Green, Fawn, Olive Green, Chin-chilla, Wood Brown, etc. This best quality is worth 20 c. Special cut price, 12 1-2c per skin, full skins.

Perfume and Soap Department.

5c. PURE GLYCERINE SOAP 5c

5 Gross Pure Glycerine Soap (30 per cent Glycerine). We will put on safe Friday and Saturday 5 gross pure Glycerine Soap, large cakes, always sold at 10c per cake. For Friday and Saturday we make it half price. Only 5c per cake, or 15c per skin. Strictly pure.

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SKATES! SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

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Baby Carriages! Baby Carriages!

Don't fail to visit our Baby Carriage Department before buying, as we are showing the finest line and newest designs ever shown in this city. All bought direct from one of the best manufacturers in the country, and our prices defy competition. We can save you money. See our assortment and the low prices we name on baby carriages; at the

GLASS BLOCK STORE.
PANTON & WATSON.

THE FLOOD IN THE OHIO.

River Rising Steadily and Fears of a Great Flood Grow.

Conditions Favorable for a Dangerous and Severe Flow.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 27.—At 6 o'clock this morning the Ohio river had reached a depth of fifty-three feet and three inches and was still rising. However, the cold wave promised for two days had not come, and instead, the sky was overcast and there were indications of more rain. With the river at this stage and with a forecast of a possible repetition of the last rain storm, hope of escape from the troublesome flood was not strong. At fifty-three feet the water is over the rails in some portions of the old canal bed, and a rise of one and a half to two feet more, which does not seem unlikely, will shut off travel on those tracks, and compel passengers to embark and alight at points farther out. It also cuts off a large portion of the freight traffic. At 11 a. m. the river had reached fifty feet and one inch, still rising. While there will be much discomfort and considerable loss, there is no apprehension of a devastating flood like those in 1853 and 1884, when the water reached a height of seventy-one feet, unless there should be phenomenally rainy weather within the next few days.

At noon today the river had reached 54 feet 2 inches, and was rising at the rate of 1 1/2 inches an hour. The thermometer stood at 31 degrees, the sky was overcast, and a southeast wind was blowing. Reports from points above show that the river is rising at all points. About noon the water reached 55 feet at Pittsburgh. At Portsmouth, 150 miles above Cincinnati, the rise is an inch an hour. To add to the difficulty of estimating the extent of the flood, there is nearly an inch of rainfall at Louisville, Ky. This would check the river's fall if it did not cause another rise.

THE ARIZONA FLOOD.

Description of the Disaster by Those Who Saw It.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 27.—Two prospectors, Moses and Robert Moore, who have arrived from upper Walnut dam, give the following particulars of the flood: "We came down to Hassayampa prospecting, and passed several persons on the way who had not previously been there. We arrived Thursday night. Friday morning the water in the dam was so high that the water in the dam was nearly at the rate of three inches an hour. We had all the sluices open. Superintendent Thomas Brown had fifteen men employed all day in blasting out waste waterway to allow the escape of water. Despite the immense volume which went through this passage, the water continued to rise until 9 o'clock at night, when it began to pour over the top of the dam. In the afternoon Superintendent Brown, seeing the dam must inevitably go, sent a messenger to the lower dam to notify them of the danger, but he stopped at the sluice, and was overtaken and drowned by the flood just as he neared Tower camp. About midnight we were awakened by Brown calling to the foreman: 'Get up, Phil! I think the dam has broken.' Soon after there was a terrific explosion, which was indescribable. We got up and looking up saw water running out of the dam. Inside the two hours it had disappeared entirely from where it was, from 60 to 80 feet deep."

Francis M. Parker was one of the men rescued from a perilous position about daybreak. Parker and his partners had gone to bed. When he was awakened he heard one of his partners exclaim: "My God, what was that?" He (Parker) never saw them again. He was caught up by the water and lifted to the rafters within the cabin, where he clung to the rafters until, after floating around, the cabin was driven against a steep bank, where he seized some bushes and drew himself upon a cliff.

One man was seen to start, for a place of safety, and seeing escape was impossible, bravely turned his face to the flood and was swept away. Another man was seen going up a steep bank, and reached point about fifty feet above the level of the river bank, where a nighty volume of water struck and killed him.

The survivors are in great destitution, having neither provisions or clothing, and many are using the debris of the mill in lieu of clothing. Outside towns are supplying all needed necessities.

Send 'Em to Siberia. PIKEVILLE, Ky., Feb. 27.—There has been another murder among the McCoy-Hatfield adherents. The victim is Uncle Joe Johnson, who on Sunday night last, was called to the road in front of his house by a man whose voice he thought he recognized. He took his gun with him. His wife saw a man on horseback in the road, saw her husband fall, and then saw the man gallop away. Johnson had incurred the enmity of the Hatfields by disclosing a plan of escape by water and another of their set, and his life had been threatened.

Useless to Him. NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Wm. S. Warner, who was interested in the operations of Grant & Ward, and claimed to be a creditor of the firm to the extent of \$5,000,000, and who was accused of "wrongfully receiving the firm's funds, died yesterday in England. There were rumors at the time of the failure that he had made several million dollars by his connection with the firm.

In London in April. LONDON, Feb. 27.—A letter from Henry M. Stanley was read at a meeting of the corporation of the city of London today. Mr. Stanley says he hopes to return to London in April, when he will receive the address which it is the intention of the corporation to present him with.

Stop Their Own Wages. BOSTON, Feb. 27.—There is a strong possibility of serious interference with the building business of Boston as a result of the strike of the Stone Cutters union against the employment of marble cutters.

AFTER A PARDON.

English Ladies Interested in the Freedom of Mrs. Maybrick.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—A report is current that the Queen has about decided to grant a pardon to Mrs. Maybrick, the American woman now serving a life sentence for the alleged poisoning of her husband. Although the general petitions in favor of the unfortunate woman were suppressed by the home secretary, with whom it is entirely optional whether or not they shall reach the Queen, it is known that over a month ago a memorial influentially signed by female members of the aristocracy was—owing it is said to the intermediary influence of the Prince of Wales—successful in reaching her majesty.

Since that time several documents in the case have been called for from the archives of the home office and dispatched to the Queen by special messenger, and those who sympathize with the fair prisoner and believe her innocent of the crime for which she has been condemned to a living death are sanguine that these indications point to the probable issuance of a free pardon.

TO SETTLE THE RULES.

Democrats Will Attempt to Test Reed's

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Immediately after reading and approving the Journal Mr. Reed of Illinois called up the contested election case of Atkinson vs. Pendleton, and the floor was accorded to the contested Mr. Pendleton.

He said that he felt it his duty to speak on his own behalf, although he knew that he was addressing a jury who was prejudiced against him. He believed that he had carried the First district of West Virginia by means as fair as honorable, as upright as ever has been used in any election in the history of the country. He reviewed the evidence in the case, and the majority report and in conclusion reiterated his belief that he was entitled to the seat honestly elected. Mr. Cooper of Ohio closed with an argument in support of the claim of the contestant. A vote was then taken on the minority resolution declaring Pendleton entitled to the seat.

The vote returned: Yeas, 172; nays, 0.

INAUGURAL CEREMONIES.

Great Demonstration at Grand Parade.

DES MOINES, Feb. 27.—The inauguration of Governor Boies took place in the hall of the state house this afternoon, and for the first time in thirty-four years a democrat presides at the state house.

The city is gaily decorated in honor of the event, and overcrowded with visitors. The railroads have granted a single rate for the round trip from all state points. Prior to the inauguration there was one of the grandest parades ever seen in the state.

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IT LOOKS DUBIOUS.

Hopes Entertained that the Waters May

CINCINNATI, Feb. 27.—At 10 o'clock last night the Ohio river at this point was just fifty-two feet above the water mark, and was still keeping on rising at the rate of two inches an hour. Favorable reports on the nomination of the ex-Governor, Warner, for the collection of customs at New Orleans.

A PRETTY LIVE CORPSE.

The Son of Robert Lincoln Appears to be

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Master Abraham Lincoln, son of Robert Lincoln, the American minister, who, it was thought, was lying last night, has rallied. The absence from which he is suffering was caused by his physicians during the night, and much relief was afforded him by the operation. His physicians state that his vitality is wonderful.

Inquiry at the residence of Mr. Lincoln at 2550 this afternoon elicited the information that the patient at that hour appeared to be further rallying.

At 4:20 o'clock this afternoon the doctors announced that the only chance young Lincoln has for his life lies in another operation. The operation, which will be of a desperate character, will be performed in a short time.

Want Goldberg Appointed. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The existence of an organization known as the Order of the Admirers of Zion has become generally known to administrative circles for the first time through the receipt of numerous resolutions and petitions endorsing Professor B. W. Goldberg of Chicago as a candidate for the consulate in Palestine or Egypt. The order is said to have branches in many parts of the United States, one in Chicago having a membership of over 3000. Professor Goldberg has been actively identified with the Jewish race in Palestine.

They're All Right.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The party of American clergymen who left New York on the steamer "The Republic" for a three months' trip over the continent and the Holy Land, are in the best of health and spirits. The party is under the guidance of B. C. Caldwell, of Chicago and Asbury Caldwell of Ulysses, Kan.

The Herald bindery has the best facilities in Duluth for making blank books.

IMPORT DUTIES RAISED.

Canada Will Attempt to Shut

Out Our American Flour.

But Wants to Encourage Corn Importation; Changes Made.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 27.—It is learned in reliable quarters that there is to be a complete revision of the customs tariff. Probably one of the most important changes affecting the United States will be an increase of from 50 to 75 cents a barrel on wheat flour and a removal of duty on Indian corn imported into Canada from the United States. At present the duty on wheat flour is only 50 cents per barrel, while duty on the quantity of the importation of American flour is at least 15 cents per bushel required to make one barrel of flour is 72 cents.

As he has to import large quantities of American wheat, Ontario millers protest against the inequality of the two duties and the discrimination in favor of the importation of American flour against which they cannot compete. People of the maritime provinces who purchase the greater part of the flour which they consume from the United States have protested against the increase in duty.

Returns recently laid before the Dominion parliament show that Canada purchased the greater part of the flour from the United States last year, upon which \$217,000 was paid for duty; during the same period 1,200,000 barrels of American flour were imported into the Dominion, upon which \$120,000 was paid in duty.

Duty on American fruits and vegetables will be reimposed, and increased on hoots and shoes, pork, leaf and fresh meats. A step will be taken to secure the abolition of the export duty on pine logs shipped to the United States.

BOIES' ADDRESS.

The Governor Finally Gets to His Address

DES MOINES, Feb. 17.—In the inaugural address, which the newly-elected democratic governor Boies delivered this afternoon, he proceeded to take up by one of the most important public questions agitating the people of Iowa, discussing them at great length.

Concerning the railway situation he said: "Prior to our present laws, the purchaser of transportation was at the mercy of the railway companies. They abused their power, and to gain great dividends, individual and public rights were being slowly but surely destroyed. The railway companies have been the cause of the most of the evils of the state from the day of its birth to the present time, and the use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage has not been diminished. Millions and millions of the people of Iowa had been invested in the whole matter, and then had been wiped out without one effort to compensate those who were ruined thereby. Wherever the law has been enforced, the owners have been impoverished. In his judgment the chief obstacle to the enforcement of the law lay in the fact that it was a violation of one of the most valuable of human rights."

It was impossible to read the platform of the respective parties without reaching the conclusion that no political party was more clearly defined, more thoroughly discussed and better understood by the masses than that relating to this question. In the campaign which preceded the last election the people of Iowa had, through the only medium known to them for settling political questions, passed judgment upon the platform of the respective parties. They were, therefore, bound in honor to furnish for those localities where they were not carefully trained a license law. The greatest care should be taken, of course, to keep the traffic which made the voyage a terrible cruelty. What Iowa needed was practical legislation on the subject; legislation that was broad enough to cover more than the views of a single class.

A COUNTY WAR.

Two Kansas Towns That Fight Over Road Issues.

WICHITA, Feb. 27.—The towns of Ingalls and Cimarron in Gray county, late in the county seat war, are fighting again. Bonds for a sugar mill were recently voted in the county and an Ingalls is to derive all the benefit, an injunction against the issuing of the bonds was obtained by Cimarron, represented by Charles Gregory.

Monday Gregory was in Ingalls and was forced by threats against his life to withdraw the suit. Yesterday a party of Cimarron men attacked some of the leaders of the mob that bulldozed Gregory and were in turn hunted out of town, two of their number being wounded. Both sides are armed and an outbreak is anticipated at any time.

No Delay Necessary.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Officials of the Indian bureau are of the opinion that there need be no great delay in opening the ceded Indian lands in Minnesota, because of the provision in the bill allowing the Indians to make selections on reservations where they now live. The first impression was that it would be necessary to survey all the reservations in lands, but as the contract with the Indians is about seven-eighths of the Red Lake reservation, it is thought that it will only be necessary to survey the part which remains.

The bill appropriated \$150,000 for surveys and other expenses, and this sum is available.

A Liberal Idea.

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We have a beautiful corner on Second street in Endion. One of the finest locations for a residence in the city. Only \$1000. Easy terms. Look this up.

D. H. STEVENSON & CO., 43 Exchange building.

Miss Flavin, of Liverpool, England, will lecture at Temple Opera Sunday, March 2, at 3 o'clock, in the interest of the Molokai Lepers. Subject: "Father Damien and the History of Leprosy." Admission 50 cents.

TOO MANY WOMEN.

And to Risk Him of Embarrassment He

Kills One of Them.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 27.—Thomas O'Brien was hanged at noon. The crime for which he suffered was the murder of his wife and her unborn babe on the night of March 31, 1889.

O'Brien was 28 years of age and for several years his chief occupation had been gambling, though he conducted a grocery and on one occasion had charge of a variety show. This was about a year before his wife was killed. One night while in this business he shot and killed young Henry Metcalf, but for that was acquitted. Shortly after being adjudged free, he met Bettie Shea, a beautiful girl about 23 years old. She was employed as a domestic in the family of John S. Woolfolk. He persuaded the girl to marry him clandestinely. They went to Cincinnati and were married under assumed names. He continued to visit her as usual after their return to Lexington. O'Brien was engaged at this time to marry Miss Mattie Loughlin, who lived in Richmond, Ind., and at the same time was intimate with a fallen woman named Lizzie Adams, with whom he spent much time. During March it became evident to Bettie Shea that the time was fast approaching when her husband would be made public. She sought O'Brien time and time again to acknowledge her wife before the world, but he put her off in some pretext or other. The time he had set to marry Miss Loughlin was drawing near. He was also deeply attached to the Adams woman.

On the morning of April 1, last, the body of Bettie Shea, clad in her night clothes, was discovered lying in her room. She had been beaten to death with a heavy piece of lead, which was afterwards found at the house of Lizzie Adams, where O'Brien was arrested. All through his trial O'Brien maintained a cold indifference. Circumstances pointed to him so strongly that neither the court of appeals nor the United States supreme court would grant a writ of error.

THE RICHEST MAN ALIVE.

Wm. Waldorf Astor, Now the Richest Man

In the World.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The admission to probate of the will of the late John Jacob Astor, as noted in these dispatches yesterday, makes William Waldorf Astor the wealthiest man in America, if not in the world.

The estates of John Jacob Astor and William Waldorf Astor consolidated by the proceedings, are believed to be equivalent to very nearly \$200,000,000. William Waldorf Astor is the only living person who can tell the precise value of the estate or what his father was actually worth. Mr. Southmayd, who was an executor of the last will of John Jacob Astor's father, said today he did not know how much John Jacob Astor was worth.

"I don't believe there is a person living, excepting the son, who can guess the value of the estate within a million or two. I don't think the estate of William Waldorf Astor to be quite \$200,000,000, but as a matter of fact I don't know as much of the facts as I shall." The lawyer also said that John Jacob Astor did not transfer any of his property before his death. At the time of the transfer a report was printed that he had given away the bulk of the estate so as to guard against a will contest after his death. The date of the will shows that it was executed, just after the death of Mrs. John Jacob Astor.

Saying the Distinctions.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—A local paper says that at a conference held in this city between E. C. Depever, representing an English syndicate, and Jacob and Sam Woolner of Peoria, representing the whisky trust, an agreement for the sale of a controlling interest in the trust to the syndicate was reached and that the papers will probably be signed today.

COLLECTOR MAMER TALKS.

Describes the Method of Authenticating

Whisky to Meet Competition.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Collector Mamer has seized a number of barrels of whisky selected by the United States, doing a wholesale whisky business here, and the peculiar methods they have been following to meet competition in trade, have at least an element of novelty. The collector said: "My attention to this department was called to the fact that a good deal of whisky was being sold by certain firms at a figure even below tax cost. After a careful investigation we discovered that a number of dealers are in the habit of receiving from the United States certificates. The certificates are then sold to the public at a certain standard, 20 or 30 per cent below the cost of the whisky. It is withdrawn from the barrels which are then filled up with water. The gauger's certificate thus states that the whisky is of a certain standard when in fact it is adulterated. The government stamp thus aiding very considerably in the perpetration of fraud on customers. We have seized a number of barrels thus adulterated and have forwarded them to Washington with a detailed report of the whole matter. Parties interested have been up here to see me and claim that the practice is generally followed in consequence of the necessity of the keen competition in the whisky trade."

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—ON—

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S. M. CHANDLER

404 PALLADIO BUILDING.

R. R. Macfarlane & Co.

32 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Lot 1, Section 1-48-15, 21 1/2-100 acres, \$400 per acre.

6 Acres, Section 11-50-14, adjoining city limits, \$1500.

200 Acres, Section 9-50-14, \$300 per acre.

All bargains and can be delivered. Terms easy.

MERRITT & LEDDELL

Make a specialty of choice Acres and Lots in all parts of
the city and suburbs, especially up the river.

CALL - AND - SEE - US - BEFORE - PURCHASING

As we can save you money.

MERRITT - & - LEDDELL

Room 4 Fergusson Block.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

REAL ESTATE.

We have a large list of choice Residence Lots, Acres, Business and Dock
Property, of which we have exclusive control.

LOANS.

We negotiate loans in any amount on improved city property, and for par-
ties wishing to build, at the lowest current rates of interest.

INSURANCE.

Our list of companies comprises some of the oldest and largest in exist-
ence. We give special attention to the careful writing of policies and prompt
and fair settlement of all losses.

ROOMS 2, 3 AND 4, BOARD OF TRADE BLDG., DULUTH, MINN.

Robert G. McDowell

Room 406 Palladio Building.

We have just located ourselves in our new office and are too busy to write
an extended list, but remember, everything we offer is

CONTROLLED BY US EXCLUSIVELY

And you can get a contract the minute you decide to take the property.
63 Acres in section 1, near Alloues Bay, can be bought cheap.
40 Acres near South Superior.
300 Acres three miles south of Superior at a price that will make
you a good profit. Correspondence solicited.

LAST EDITION.

THE SEAL CONTRACT LET

The Alaska Commercial Com-
pany Has a Monopoly
No Longer.

A Contract For Killing Let
Today to Another
Bidder.

An ex-Congressman Shot for
Pulling an Offending
Nose.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Secretary Win-
dell has directed a lease to be made
with the North American Commercial
company, New York and San Francisco,
I. Leber, president, for the exclusive
privilege of taking fur seals upon the Is-
lands of St. Paul and St. George, Alaska,
for a period of twenty years from May 1.

This company sent in three bids, and it
is not yet known which was accepted.
They were as follows: First, \$55,000
rental, \$2 revenue tax, \$8.75 bonus for
each seal skin, and a request of the gov-
ernment to promise not to restrict, to a
catch of less than 100,000 a year after the
first year. Or they are willing to pay, in
addition to the rental and revenue tax,
40 per cent of all receipts from the sale
of seal skins. This, they said, would net
the government at least \$3 a skin. Or, as
a second alternative, they offer to pay
10 per cent more than any other bidder.
I. Leber signed the bid.

Second, bid number eleven, offering to
pay \$60,000 rental, \$2 revenue tax,
\$7.02 bonus and 50 cents a gallon for
oil.

Third, bid number twelve, terms, \$77,
000 rental, \$2 revenue tax, \$8.25 bonus
and 50 cents a gallon for oil.

The oil lease, the Alaska Commercial
company, bid \$50,000 as annual rental,
\$2 tax, \$4.50 bonus and twenty-five cents
a skin for the comfort of the inhabi-
tants of the islands. They offered to run
a mail service from Sitka to Kodiak dur-
ing the summer of the year. The bid was
stated that the United States was in re-
ceipt of \$75,000 a year if the com-
pany should receive the contract.

Under the old lease, which ran from
May 1, 1870, the United States guaran-
teed the lease the exclusive right of tak-
ing fur seals in the Pribilof islands for
twenty years. The lessee was permitted
to kill 100,000 seals per annum and was
to deliver annually 60 cords of
wood, salt, barrels to preserve seal meat,
and to maintain a school eight months
in the year. In the twenty years since
the lease was made, the United States has
received nearly \$500,000.

The new contract of lease provides
that but 60,000 shall be taken yearly and
that the company shall establish more
responsible. In other respects it does not
differ from the old arrangement.

In addition to the regular sealers,
there have been a large number of poach-
ing parties. Many times the sealers
have been killed by the poachers. The
direct employ of the old Alaska com-
pany. This will be guarded against.
The poacher stands off to sea in his
schooner and watches for the seals as
they swim to feeding ground. The seal
swims near the surface and he ap-
pears to breathe from time to time, crack
goes the poacher's rifle. If the animal
is hit in a vital place, he will die. In-
stance, he floats on the surface and is gen-
erally recovered. If, on the contrary the
seal is only wounded, he will sink to the
bottom and is seen no more. It has
been proven that only one seal out of
every seven shot by these marauders is
ever recovered.

A SOCIETY YOUNG MAN,
But His Nose Was Twinkled and He Shot
the Twinkler.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—In the shadow
of the house at 1:40 p. m., ex-Congress-
man Taubee was shot through the head
by Charles Kincaid, correspondent of the
Louisville Times.

Both men are Kentuckians, and the
trouble was caused by the ex-congress-
man pulling the correspondent's nose for
publishing certain statements in regard to
him. The shooting occurred just out-
side the capital, near the southeastern
entrance to the building. Taubee was
shot in the head, but it is not known yet
how serious a wound was inflicted. Kin-
caid is a slight built, inoffensive looking
man about 35 years of age. He was
formerly judge in one of the Louisville
courts, and his family is one of the best
known in Kentucky. He has a wide
acquaintance in social circles here, and
has spent considerable of his time in at-
tending receptions, parties and other
social events.

Ex-Congressman Taubee came from
one of the mountain districts of Ken-
tucky. He is 30 years old, of tall figure,
with a frame sinewy and strong. He
soon became known in the house as a
ready talker, and was more frequently
on his feet than any other young man-
ber. He had an immensely powerful
voice, and in the tumult which some-
times occurred, it could always be heard.
Kincaid was arrested by Officer Bryan
and lodged in New Jersey avenue police
station, where he is charged with assault
with intent to kill.

On the Retired List.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Rear-Admiral
James B. Jonett was transferred to the
retired list yesterday afternoon, and this
morning the veteran Rear-Admiral Kim-
berly is at the head of the rear-admirals
on the active list and seven of his col-
leagues move up a point. John Irwin
becomes senior commodore.

To Change the Immigration Bureau.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Secretary Win-
dell has issued orders for the establish-
ment of an immigrant landing depot on
Bedloe island, New York harbor, and
arrangements will at once be made for
the construction of the necessary build-
ings.

BY A LIVELY IMAGINATION.
Or Else a Scheme That Will Greatly Benefit
Duluth.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 28.—[Special.]—
The Tribune-Star will say today that
J. Hill of the Great Northern road is
said to be nursing a big scheme which
will astonish the railway world. The
scheme is a line from Anacosta, Mont.,
in almost a direct line to San Francisco.

For some time surveyors for the Great
Northern have been working westward
from Anacosta. They are reported to
have discovered a pass through the
Rocky mountains near the source of
Marys Fork. It is also claimed that
San Francisco business men have made
big offers to fill and that the line will
be short.

DECLINES THE BENEFIT.
Mrs. George Knight, Wife of the Actor,
Refuses Assistance.

New York, Feb. 28.—The action of
Mrs. George S. Knight in telegraphing
from Dallas, Texas, to this city, declin-
ing the proposed benefit in her behalf
has attracted public attention to the
late celebrated comedienne.

The name of George S. Knight will
never appear on the play bills again.
His rapid rise to the position of a first
rank actor, and his subsequent fall, and
his mind is almost a blank. It is said that
he constantly imagines that he is Baron
Rudolph, the title character of the play
in which he last appeared and in which
he made the greatest artistic success of
his life, and that he almost daily re-
hearses the principal parts of the play.

Meanwhile, through stages of circum-
stances, his wife, who faithfully nursed
him through the first stages of his ill-
ness, has been compelled to return to
the theatre, although, as indicated in
her dispatch, she still retains her in-
dependence of character.

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THE BEST ON THE LAKES.

The Splendid Tug Carrington
Bought by the Inman
Tug Line.

He Contracts to do Sault Lock
Towing; The Wrecking
Trade.

COMMODORE INMAN has traded the
schooner Belle Stevens to J. Degurgas
& Co., of Ludington, Mich., for the
small tug Lida. This new boat is of 14
gross tons, 44 feet 8 inches long, 11 feet
5 inches beam and 4 feet 8 inches depth.

He has also traded the J. C. Liden to
Robert Greenhalgh and James Devlin
of Cleveland as part payment for the
splendid iron tug M. D. Carrington,
one of the finest and most powerful
tugs on fresh water. She is built en-
tirely of iron, her hull is of steel, and
her machinery is of the latest inven-
tion. Her measurement is 65 gross
and 33 net tons, length 67 feet, breadth
16 feet, depth 8 feet. The boat is much
more powerful than the Record, the
present head of the fleet, having two in-
side larger cylinders. She has also a
new Scotch steel boiler with a
licensed steam pressure of 125
pounds and will be the first thing in
the spring, taking her first place as
head of the Inman fleet.

The Commodore also closed a season
contract for the towing and handling
of vessels through the Sault locks with
Capt. Alex. McDougall and several
other leading vessel agents and
lines. Two powerful tugs are
being chartered to be there night and
day, and to engage in any other busi-
ness whatever. Capt. W. B. Harrow
will be in command of the boats.

The largest steam pump on the lake
is now on the way here. It will form
a number of pumps of different
size which will be a part of Inman's
wrecking outfit, which will be one of the
most complete outfits ever assembled
on the way is a twelve-inch Jos. Ed-
ward's make and will bring up water
from a depth of 100 feet.

The Commodore at the earnest solici-
tation of leading vesselmen, has made
these important changes and departures,
and the boats towing being the most
notable one, and hereafter will have
nothing to do with any class of passen-
ger work, but will devote all their time
to vessel and dredge towing and
wrecking work.

ALLISON'S RE-ELECTION.
JOURNALISTS TO THE LEGISLATURE TO CHOOSE
HIM AS THE SUCCESSOR.

DES MOINES, Feb. 28.—The senate to-
day was delayed with petitions num-
bered one to six, from the six counties,
asking for the re-election of William B.
Allison as United States senator. A
resolution was adopted instructing the
senators to vote for the re-election of
William B. Allison.

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A GIANT IN THE WOODS.

The New Growing Town of La Prairie in the Northern Woods.

A Future Very Bright With Promise for a Lively City Soon.

In the Center of Vast Tributary Tracts of the Finest Pine.

Nearest and Railroad Junction Town for Mines of Iron.

Where 4000 Woodsmen Draw Supplies for the Winter's War.

La Prairie is a new town at the present terminus of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad. It is located in sections 22, 23, 24, 25-27-29 in Itasca county. La Prairie is seventy miles northwest of Cloquet and about thirty miles in the same direction from Duluth. It is situated in the very center of a vast pine forest, although its immediate surroundings consist principally of scattering pines. The topography of the adjacent country is slightly rolling.

The village is situated between the Mississippi and Prairie rivers, just above the junction of the two rivers. Prairie river is a beautiful clear-watered stream and runs from a northerly direction through a number of lakes. It is tolerably rapid and of uniform flow, the rise and fall being very slight on account of the lakes which act as reservoirs, hence the stream does not overflow its banks at any season. The Prairie drains an immense country, and acts as carriage for 50,000,000 or 60,000,000 feet of logs per year. Even at this rate, however, with the pine in sight, it will continue to bring down lumber on this basis for thirty years to come, and there are large tracts of land tributary to this stream, not yet fully explored. The numerous lakes, two of which are within easy distance of the townsite, act for valuable storage capacity for logs for milling purposes.

Then there are fine chances for water power within the town plat which can be improved at slight cost, the immense volume and steady flow of the stream ensuring reliable power.

The Mississippi also flows between 40,000,000 and 50,000,000 feet per year by this place from its Northwestern source. The Mississippi is navigable from Aitkin to this point, making this practically the head of navigation. Two steamers run during the season. Last year there were three runnings. The building of the road, however, will shut off to a large extent the carriage of freight by water. Navigation opens early in May and closes about Nov. 10. Two trips a week are regularly made and about 3000 tons of merchandise handled in this way.

The government reservoir system regulates the flow of water in the Mississippi, so that low water does not interfere with navigation. The lower reservoir, Pokegama Lake, is but a few miles from La Prairie, where the government has a dam originally costing \$85,000, upon which many thousand dollars in improvement have since been added. This, with the Pokegama Falls, just below, is a place of interest, which visitors should not fail to see. The other reservoirs, further up the stream, are Leech Lake, with a dam the first cost of which was \$200,000, and Winnebago Lake, with a dam costing \$125,000. The government has spent large sums in the improvement of these river first built.

The Prairie and Mississippi—both rivers, as well as the numerous lakes in the vicinity are well stocked with whitefish, pickerel, pike, muskellunge, bass, trout and many other species of game being among the chief varieties. That it is a sportsman's paradise here may be inferred from the fact that the woods are full of deer, moose, caribou, bear and various small game, all of which are to be had for the shooting.

La Prairie is also a great fur market, there being sold and traded here an immense amount of fur, beaver, otter, mink, bobcat, fisher, fox, silver gray and many other species of wild marten and an occasional wolverine—to say nothing of muskrats and a multitude of the smaller fur animals.

In the season the fields immediately adjacent, as well as for miles in all directions, are purple with blueberries and other wild small fruits are as numerous as sand on the seashore.

There are a few specimens of the noble red man, although they are fast disappearing.

The mineral resources of this section are as yet but slightly known. There is iron, traces of silver, and small pieces of coal have been found in the flat.

Ten miles northeast of here there has recently been opened up an immense quantity of hematite ore, of a quality not surpassed by any mine in the Northwest. There are even better surface showings much nearer La Prairie. This is on the Mesabi range.

This will, without a doubt, surpass the Gogebic range as an iron producing country. Farther north the Ironstone range crosses the country. Although numerous surface showings are found, it has not yet been thoroughly explored, but sufficient is known to satisfy the most sceptical that there are vast stores of iron in that range.

And all this is tributary to La Prairie. A spur track extending from here to the iron mine, first mentioned, ten miles distant, will be built in the spring. This mine is owned by a corporation, styling itself the Diamond Mining company, composed of some of the heaviest mining men in the state.

Leon Merritt of Duluth, and others have within four and a half miles of La Prairie, the best surface showing of hematite ore yet discovered in this region. Sufficient explorations have not yet been had to form an adequate idea of the extent of the same.

The Akeley and Itasca Lumber companies intend building a logging railway about thirty miles in length into the

timber in the vicinity of Swan lake, and will haul their logs to this place to be sawed into lumber. Several mills are projected to be built at an early date. The first to go up will be on the east bank of the Mississippi river, near the steamboat landing, and is now being erected by S. R. Kerr, the leading contractor of the place. The mill will be all ready and equipped for sawing by the 15th of next month. It will be a mill of large capacity and fitted up with the best machinery.

The importance of La Prairie as a railroad point will be understood from the fact that this is the end of the first freight division of the Duluth & Winnipeg road. The company has secured abundance of yard room, and will have ample facilities for handling large quantities of freight. The yards comprise a strip of land 3000 feet long by 200 feet wide. It is estimated that they will have five miles of side track laid within the next six months; this is anticipation of a big business which must inevitably come here, of which the hauling of the ore from the iron mines will form an inconsiderable portion.

Another, and at present the principal, factor in building up the business of La Prairie is the fact that many hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of supplies have been distributed from this point, upwards of 4000 men being employed who are directly dependent upon this place for their supplies. They leave here in the fall for the woods and return again in the spring. Consequently this is a large distributing point.

A few of the principal camps, being within easy distance of La Prairie and doing business here, are as follows. It must be borne in mind that these are only the principal and largest concerns; there are many small ones which bring the aggregate considerably higher. The Hasen Lumber company's camp on Trout lake, employing 120 men; McLeod & Dickinson, Spiller lake, sixty men; Price Bros., on Prairie river, 120 men; Blake Bros., over 100 men; Boyce & Leitz, Lumber company, about forty men; Senator C. B. Buckman's two camps, eighty men; R. K. Lewis, thirty men; E. R. Lewis, two camps, sixty men; Shen & Hutchinson, one camp, forty men; Berle & Duggan, forty men; the firm of all using on Prairie river; Coats & Freeman, on Wabigoon lake; sixty men; W. H. Lawrence, five camps; Sherry, on Pokegama lake, sixty men; J. G. Frazier, forty men; Cough Bros., forty men, both camps on the same lake; Day & Co. and Hayward & Co., both on Bear river, each about 120 men; Torrey & Libby, Vermilion river, eighty men; H. A. Smith, P. Brown, H. Leighton, Powers & Dwyer, Wright, Davis & Co., Samuel Wilson, and several smaller camps on Swan river, in all about 500 men; Miller & McKinney, on Quinlan and Little Hill rivers, 150 men; T. F. Dwyer, 150 men; J. L. Chatterton, seventy-five men; McAllister, 150 men, all on the Wilson river. The principal camps on the Mississippi river, tributary to this place, are Siskie O. Kennedy, sixty men; John Tweddie, sixty men; Kiehle & Dwyer, eighty men; Clay & Toole, fifty men; Leiger & Kinney, 120 men, all these on the Big Fork.

A brief description of the buildings of and the railroad date will be of interest. Here is located a branch of St. Anthony hospital of Minneapolis. It is a large two-story frame building of durable construction and has accommodations for thirty patients. The hospital is in charge of Dr. M. H. Manson, who is one of the best physicians and surgeons in the state, as his success in this field will testify. He has an able assistant in his wife, who has given up all the luxuries of a beautiful Minneapolis home, to assist her husband in his good work. The sick and maimed, all but witness to the kind care and superior treatment they have received at the hands of the good doctor and his excellent wife 120 patients have been inmates of this institution since last October, and a large number of outside patients have also been treated. The prevailing ailments have been cases of minor injury with some cases of grip and influenza. Mrs. Manson desires to speak of the excellent and exceeding good behavior of the men, all having shown her the greatest respect and consideration.

The hospital site is a beautiful one, commanding a magnificent view of the Mississippi river. The sanitary features of the institution are most excellent, the grounds sloping gently toward both rivers, and thus affording easy and ample drainage. And the same may be said of the entire town site. A very desirable and valuable feature here is the purity of the water, which is easily obtained. Drive-wells are employed and a bountiful supply is always to be had at any point at a depth of from twenty-five to thirty feet.

The Wright Mercantile company, present owners of a large part of the townsite, purchased the property, together with the store and improvements of Eustis, Neal & Co., in August, 1887. E. Neal, the pioneer had mentioned, lodged on the pleasant site of La Prairie in the winter of '81 and '82. The year following he formed a partnership with W. H. Eustis of Minneapolis and John G. Frazier of La Prairie. That fall the firm built a store and put in a stock of general merchandise, lumberman's supplies, etc., largely extended their logging operations, and until the transfer to the Wright Mercantile company did a large business in both branches. They bought, repaired and operated the old steamboat Aitkin City, which they rechristened the George Houghton, this boat plying between Aitkin and this point until burned during the winter of '87 and '88 while owned by the Wright Mercantile company. This last summer the firm doing an extensive business between \$300,000 and \$400,000 a year. They are also operating the steamer, the Andy Gibson, a boat of 200 tons capacity and capable of carrying 100 passengers. A. W. Wright, the Michigan millionaire, is the principal stockholder in the company, which also numbers among its stockholders H. C. Akeley of Minneapolis, Wells Stone, Mercantile company, Duluth; Frank A. Clarkson, Duluth; J. P. Sims, La Prairie; C. H. Davis of Saginaw, Mich., and several others. Frank A. Clarkson is the general, and George W. Clark, for many years a business man of Aitkin, is local manager of the concern.

David Shaw, one of the earliest settlers of this location, homesteaded in the present site of La Prairie six years ago. Two years since he sold eighty acres to James Smith for \$200, before there were any prospects of railroad or city. Mr. Shaw is an American citizen, of Scotch descent, he was raised in Wisconsin; spent many years of his life in the pine woods of that state, and was the trusted foreman of Knapp, Stout & Co. Mr. Shaw is a veteran of the war and a member of the G. A. R., having served his country for several years in a cavalry regiment in the Union army. He is unmarried, has a pleasant reputation for honesty and probity in all his business dealings. He still has large real estate interests here, is liberal in his views and not too stiff in his prices. He has some of the choicest property in the town plat, which is on the market at reasonable figures.

James Smith is the proprietor of the original plat, which comprises some of the best business property in La Prairie. Mr. Smith is also a Grand Army man, with an excellent army record. He has had his ups and downs in life, not less since losing all his earthly effects by fire. His misfortunes have not had the

effect of souring his disposition. He is of a very kindly nature. Aside from the fact that he is the possessor of very valuable real estate Mr. Smith is rich in the possession of a capable, shrewd and business-like wife, Mrs. Smith, conducts considerable of her husband's business affairs, and her administration of the same shows sound judgment and common sense. Like his old friend Shaw, Smith is honest and square, upright in all his dealings of whatever nature.

Courtesy A. Buell is largely interested in the townsite, having homesteaded 100 acres, part of which is now platted and the rest will be shortly. He made his entry in July, 1887, and made final proof by commutation in November, 1888. Mr. Buell's real estate comprises some of the most valuable on the plat, available for both business and residence purposes, being most favorably situated with respect to the river and the business center. He came here from Northfield in '86, is a native of the Badger state and is trying to delude the fair sex into the belief that he is still a young man. Mr. B. took charge of Eustis, Neal & Co.'s store in April, '86, which position he retained until he sold to the Wright Mercantile company was effected. Mr. Buell has an office where he carries on a land and business tends to conveyancing. He is one of the county commissioners, is justice of the peace and is highly respected and valuable citizen.

Capt. J. P. Sims, another resident, is manager of the Hasen Lumber company, and the year previous to his coming here, 1888, was manager of the Wright Mercantile company. He came from Saginaw, Mich., and has been here for three years ago last fall. He is an affable and liberal-minded gentleman, is also an old soldier, having served with distinction in the war. With ex-Governor Pillsbury Capt. Sims owns valuable property on the west side of the Mississippi, which includes the townsite of La Prairie. This tract contains some of the most beautiful residence sites in this locality, and is now being platted. It is Capt. Sims' intention to build a handsome residence on his property at an early date.

S. R. Kerr is one of the more recent settlers coming here from Duluth, company with the arrival of the railroad. Kerr is a contractor, and not only built the first new house here, but all the others with the exception of one or two. He has shipped in so far between thirty and forty carloads of lumber for building purposes. Mr. Kerr is in a position to do all contract work in the building line, has the lumber on the ground for all classes of buildings. He is a contractor, and not only does well to consult him. He is a substantial and responsible contractor, too, charge may be sure of receiving the best of workmanship.

The railroad company owns a large part of the townsite, which they have platted but not yet put on the market. The postoffice department has established a postoffice at La Prairie, and Mr. Mather is a young man, well liked and of excellent moral character. He is the efficient bookkeeper of the Wright Mercantile company.

Caplin & Kennedy are the energetic proprietors of the Akeley house, and are thronged with business. The house is always well filled. A well patronized bar is one of the adjuncts of this hotel.

Fred H. Russell was the first local manager of the Wright Mercantile company, having been connected with the company up to last June. Although now a resident of Duluth, he has great faith in the town, where he has some interests.

A year ago where La Prairie now stands it was simply a swampy tract with one store. The 1st of December, 1888, the railroad reached this point. Since this time there has been a rapid development. One large hotel with accommodations for 100 guests. This was erected by L. G. Frazier, one of the established residents of this vicinity. Mr. Frazier has been here for nearly twenty years, being chiefly engaged in the logging business, taking charge of camps and logging on his own account. It would be difficult to find a more popular man in this part of Minnesota. His dealings with employers and employees have always been strictly honorable. It was at the earnest solicitation of friends that he accepted the hotel. That he will enjoy a heavy run of custom is a foregone conclusion, from the fact that the dining room in the hotel was almost begged for. Mr. Frazier was, however, obliged to refuse as he anticipates a large transient trade. His partner, L. Toole was formerly also a lumberman; has been one of the foremost business men of the county and is personally very popular.

J. Marshall, a boomer and hustler from Duluth, purchased a hotel here Monday night, and the same evening contracted for three store buildings, which are now being erected. Mr. Marshall is an energetic, pushing man. His example is being followed by others in the matter of building. He is largely interested in real estate in both Duluth and West Superior. He is an inspiration to the people here, and if he continues to identify himself with the growth of the place, will be in the front rank of La Prairie's prominent citizens. Speaking of him, it may be remarked parenthetically that La Prairie's citizens need not suffer from the tortures of winter. At Mr. L. Toole's bar in Frazier's hotel there is an abundance of the choicest liquors.

McDonough & Smith are building a commodious building also cater to the business public. They keep a first-class and orderly resort, and are doing a good business.

Smith & O'Connell also are opening in the foregoing line, having just completed a very fine building. Mr. Dan Smith has charge of the business will treat all his patrons with courtesy and service them with the best of liquors and the choicest brands of cigars.

Fred Churchill is the only blacksmith in the village and does a good business in his line. He has recently erected another building, in which his wife will conduct a restaurant.

E. W. Fuller is a tonorial artist and is located in a neat, new building of his own, which is still in course of construction. By Keithley & Benning.

J. McGovern furnishes livery rigs at living rates in a building lately erected. C. A. Buell has a large, two-story building, 32x80 feet. Upstairs it has a commodious hall; on the lower floor two stores, offices and shoe shop, all nearly ready for occupancy. Immediately adjoining is a neat office and carpenter shop.

Wm. Judd, one of La Prairie's bustling citizens has just put up a double store building and will open in a few days with a fine stock of clothing, general furnishing goods, and boots and shoes. Mr. Judd is in a good business location and will not doubt command an extensive trade.

[Another installment of this article will be published next Saturday.]

For Sale. Hazelwood, Grand avenue, Harrington addition lots, nicely located near Cliff avenue, the coming center of development. Found du Lac lots, Chandler park lots. Apply to CHAS. M. CUSHMAN, Hazelwood, or 5 Fargusson building.

A CORNER FOR BOOKS.

Gossip of New Books and New Editions, Small Book Notes.

Alden's Cyclopaedia; Piano Classics; Marie Three Times.

A recent addition to a very popular series of music-books, is "Piano Classics, Vol. 2. These have used the first volume (and thousands have done so) will gladly welcome this second collection. It consists of carefully-selected piano-pieces by some of the most prominent composers of Europe. Each piece is a gem, and while all the music in the book is of a really artistic standard, it is not so difficult as to preclude its use and enjoyment by players of moderate experience. It is of the same grade as that of the first volume. The book is large, sheet-music size, and will please all lovers of great pianoforte music. It will be mailed to any address, postage paid, on receipt of \$1 by Oliver Ditson company, Boston, Mass. (Send for free catalogues and circulars of music and books.)

The Cassell Publishing company announces three editions of the "Journal of Marie Bashkirtseff." The one first issued was at \$2. It has been reduced to \$1.50; there is another in paper binding at \$1, and a third in plainer binding at 50c. These editions are printed from the same plates, and the two former have the portrait and illustrations as in the original. The third edition, which the latter has the portrait only. Nothing has been suppressed in this translation of Marie Bashkirtseff's journal. Mrs. Severall has simply left out such parts as were uninteresting or trivial. Her commendation has been made with care and honor, and appreciation of the reader's wants. One of the very reasons why the sale of the "Bruno" edition of this journal, has so far exceeded that in the original French is the very fact of judicious editing on the part of the translator.

Edward Bellamy will contribute to the March number of The North American Review a reply to General Francis A. Walker's criticism of his theories in the February Atlantic.

The attention given to the rapid and useless run around the world by Nellie Blaylock will be diverted, and will be put to a more useful use, in the two-year journey of Lillian Leland, who, with a single exception, has traveled put her arm into a jar containing the something on her trip. The trip began at 25 years of age, was made easily and comfortably, and measured about 60,000 miles. The editor, the traveler being on her way to New York, has compiled a remarkably entertaining record. [New York News.]

Gordana Bruno will be discussed at length in the March Atlantic. Mr. Willard D. Thayer, author of "The Trial of Opinions and Death of Bruno," shows very plainly his claim to be remembered. "Bruno" says Mr. Thayer, "did not prove that his convictions were true, but he proved beyond peradventure that he was a true man."

In a neighboring museum, a skilled observer, engaged in studying the habits of rattlesnakes, is accustomed to put his arm into a jar containing reptiles, and take them out with the bare hand. He has never been bitten. The danger to an ignorant person in seeking an electric wire is as great as that to a person who handles a rattlesnake. The editor, the traveler being on her way to New York, has compiled a remarkably entertaining record. [New York News.]

Harper & Brothers have in preparation "God and His World; an Interpretation," by a well-known American man of letters, who renders his name as W. H. H. Murray. It is a beautiful Canadian idyll, or Indian legend of the northern tribes in the March Arena, obliged to refuse as he anticipates a large transient trade. His partner, L. Toole was formerly also a lumberman; has been one of the foremost business men of the county and is personally very popular.

Major Powell, director of the geological survey, will begin in the March Century a series of illustrated papers, with maps, on the subject of irrigation. His first paper will be entitled "The Irregular Lands of the Arid Region."

During January the sale of "Looking Backward" passed the 300,000 point. It is anticipated that the book may in time surpass the record of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," 300,000 copies in five years, and excite the foreign editions.

The Boston Record writes of R. O. Flower, editor of the new and successful high-class monthly Arena, as follows: "Mr. Flower is a tall man, with a high forehead and erect and nervous carriage. A well-shaped head crowned with bushy dark hair, full face, intelligent, with a pair of brilliant and magnetic brown eyes, a bristly mustache, square chin and an air indicative of intellectual power are distinguished points of his physiognomy. In manner he is impulsive, cordial and earnest, an enthusiast full of energy and enthusiasm which renders him beloved by his readers."

The American editor (and he has been at the helm of many recent ventures in periodical literature) has one favorite way of stamping his periodical. He thinks he knows the value of names, and simply engages men of literary note and sends him anything they choose. But big names are only a guarantee of excellence, and if the guarantee fails the public is quick to recognize the failure. Good matter, readable, striking, original, novel in idea and method—that is what the public wants, whether it comes from an old-established name or from a new one. And it is on this principle that The Illustrated American—the new journal launched in New York and Chicago—will be conducted. Its matter will be chosen with regard to its own intrinsic excellence. It will keep an eye open to the clever young people who will furnish the famous names of the future; it will seek to foster and promote the best interests of American literature. And, above all, it will attempt to make a paper where every article and short or serial stories will be readable and entertaining. While great names will be welcomed, the greatest will not find admittance when his article does not contain the requisites.

The third volume of Alden's Manifold Cyclopaedia, a marvel of condensed information, covers the alphabet between the letters Artemisia and Baptista. The embodiment of an unbridled dictionary and a cyclopedia of knowledge in one work, in large type, with thousands of illustrations, and all for a price little more than people have been used to paying for a dictionary alone, is not only a novelty in plan, but is hardly less so in execution. Its accomplishment will certainly be creditable to Alden's Literary and Mechanical, any common-

sense reader can see. The volumes received at this office (which any reader is welcome to call and examine) are certainly deserving of the praise which they seem to be receiving. The venerable Professor Day of Yale college, speaks of the work in the following terms: "The book is all respects more than answers my expectations. It is a very rare volume, of a form convenient for use, firmly bound, of large clear type, with contents of just that general character which the popular reader requires—comprehensive, accurate and compact. Its marvellously low cost makes a prize eagerly to be sought in every intelligence-loving household."

The publisher, John B. Alden, New York, Chicago or Atlanta, will send a specimen volume (which may be returned if not wanted) in cloth for 50c, or half Morocco, 85c, post paid. The entire set is offered at largely reduced price to early subscribers, the price being slightly advanced in each new volume issued. Particulars sent on request.

THE CENTURY. Novels by Frank R. Stockton, Amelia E. Barr and Others; A Capital Program. During 1890 The Century Magazine, whose recent successes have included the famous "War Papers," the "Lincoln History," and George Kennan's series on "Slavia and the East System," will publish the long-looked for Autobiography of Joseph Jefferson, whose "Tip Van Winkle" has made his name a household word. No more interesting record of a life upon the stage could be told better than the life of Joseph Jefferson, the fourth in a generation of actors, and with his children and grandchildren, are six generations of actors among the Jeffersons. His story of the early days of the American stage, when, as a boy, traveling in his father's company, they would settle down for a season in a Western town, playing in their own extemporized theater—the particulars of the career of his famous "Tip Van Winkle," how he acted "Ticket-of-Leave Man" before an audience of fifteen, and how he won the admiration of the great actors of his time—all this, enriched with illustrations and portraits of contemporary actors and actresses, will form one of the most delightful serials The Century has ever printed.

Amelia E. Barr, of St. Stockton, Mark Twain, H. H. Boyesen, and many other well-known writers will furnish stories for the new volume, which is to be unusually strong, including several novels, illustrated novelettes, and short stories. The Women of the French Salons are to be described in brilliant series of illustrated papers. The important discoveries made with the great Lack telescope at San Francisco, and the latest explorations relating to prehistoric America (including the famous Serpent mound of Ohio) are to be chronicled in The Century.

Professor George P. Fisher of Yale University is to write a series on "The Nature and Method of Revelation," which will attract every Bible student. Bishop Potter of New York will be one of several prominent writers who are to contribute a series of "Present-day Papers" on living topics, and there will be art papers, timely articles, etc., and the choicest pictures that the greatest artists and engravers can produce.

Every bookseller, postmaster and subscription agent takes subscriptions to The Century (64 years), or remittances may be made directly to the publishers, The Century company of New York. Begin new subscriptions with November (the first issue of the volume) and get Mark Twain's story, "A Connecticut Yankee in King Arthur's Court," in that number.

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SALE OF STATE LANDS. State of Minnesota, land office, St. Paul, Feb. 18th, 1891. Notice is hereby given that I offer at public sale at the county auditor's office in the city of Duluth, Minn., on the 28th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the terms prescribed by law, the school lands in St. Louis county, that have been appraised and are available for sale.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen at the auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale. W. W. HADEN, Commissioner of the Public Lands, St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 18th, 1891.

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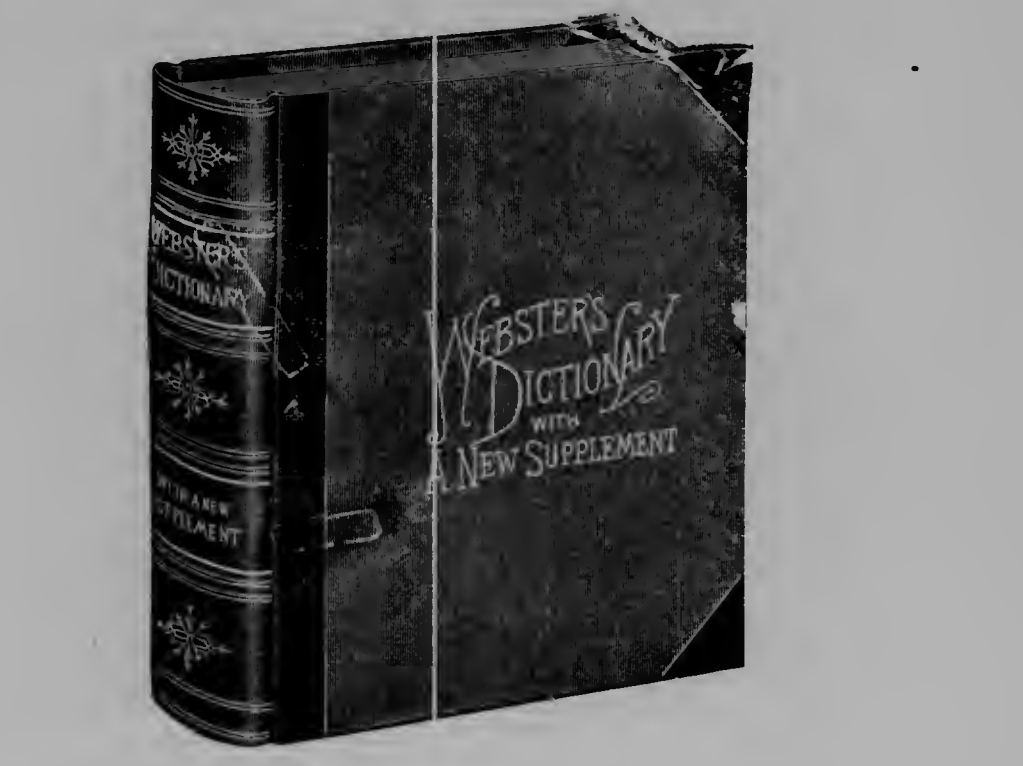
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A Market Firmer and Slightly Better for Wheat Today.

Chicago Gossip; Stock Prices; The Daily Movement; Notes.

Wheat was strong today, but very quiet. The demand was not large, and there were comparatively few offers. The opening was $\frac{1}{4}$ above the close last night, and there was no change during the day except a temporary drop of $\frac{1}{4}$, which was soon recovered. Cables were firm. Liverpool reported a decrease of 624,000 bu in her stocks, and all other American markets were strong, and from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ higher. Cash wheat was firm and $\frac{1}{4}$ higher, but little was done in it. No. 1 hard closed at 75 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 1 northern closed at 74 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 2 northern closed at 70 $\frac{1}{2}$. No. 3 northern closed at 67 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 4 northern closed at 64 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 5 northern closed at 61 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 6 northern closed at 58 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 7 northern closed at 55 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 8 northern closed at 52 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 9 northern closed at 49 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 10 northern closed at 46 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 11 northern closed at 43 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 12 northern closed at 40 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 13 northern closed at 37 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 14 northern closed at 34 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 15 northern closed at 31 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 16 northern closed at 28 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 17 northern closed at 25 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 18 northern closed at 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 19 northern closed at 19 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 20 northern closed at 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 21 northern closed at 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 22 northern closed at 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 23 northern closed at 7 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 24 northern closed at 4 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 25 northern closed at 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 26 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 27 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 28 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 29 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 30 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 31 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 32 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 33 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 34 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 35 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 36 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 37 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 38 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 39 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 40 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 41 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 42 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 43 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 44 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 45 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 46 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 47 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 48 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 49 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 50 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 51 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 52 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 53 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 54 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 55 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 56 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 57 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 58 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 59 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 60 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 61 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 62 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 63 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 64 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 65 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 66 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 67 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 68 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 69 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 70 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 71 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 72 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 73 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 74 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 75 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 76 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 77 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 78 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 79 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 80 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 81 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 82 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 83 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 84 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 85 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 86 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 87 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 88 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 89 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 90 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 91 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 92 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 93 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 94 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 95 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 96 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 97 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 98 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 99 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$, No. 100 northern closed at 0 $\frac{1}{2}$.

The Weekly Movement of Grain. Receipts of wheat this week up to this morning have been 89,922 bu, of which 32,485 bu have gone to the interior. Shipments have been 63,431 bu. The elevator will take in no wheat today, so the increase for the week will be about 57,000 bu.

Corn receipts up to this morning were 85,112 bu, and 20,000 more will probably be received today, making the total increase for the week about 105,000 bu, there being no shipments.

Oats receipts for the week, estimated today at 30,000 bu, will be about 125,000 bu. Shipments have been 100,000 bu, and the increase will be about 125,000 bu.

February Receipts and Shipments. The following were the receipts of flour and grain at Duluth for the month of February just closed, also for the same month last year:

	Feb. 1900.	Feb. 1899.
Flour, bbls.	2,341	2,339
Wheat, bu.	1,458	1,458
Corn, bu.	15,092	14,982
Oats, bu.	20,368	20,368
Barley, bu.	2,000	2,000
Total in bushels.	1,174,422	1,174,422
Shipments for the same month		
Flour, bbls.	31,358	31,358
Wheat, bu.	18,758	18,758
Corn, bu.	14,982	14,982
Oats, bu.	1,458	1,458
Total in bushels.	3,441	3,441

Flour Production and Stocks. The flour production of the Duluth Imperial mill for the week ending last night was 2,341 bbls, a daily average of 1,387 bbls. The production of the mill for February was 31,358 bbls, a daily average of 1,387 bbls. The shipments of the mill for the month were 31,358 bbls. There were in store here this morning 72,125 bbls of flour.

Chicago Close. CHICAGO, March 1.—Wheat close—Wheat, March, 75 $\frac{1}{2}$; May, 78 $\frac{1}{2}$. Corn, steady, March, 28 $\frac{1}{2}$; May, 29 $\frac{1}{2}$.

The Minneapolis Close. MINNEAPOLIS, March 1.—Closing quotations: No. 1 hard, March, 75 $\frac{1}{2}$; April, 78 $\frac{1}{2}$; May, 79 $\frac{1}{2}$; June, 80 $\frac{1}{2}$; July, 81 $\frac{1}{2}$; August, 82 $\frac{1}{2}$; September, 83 $\frac{1}{2}$; October, 84 $\frac{1}{2}$; November, 85 $\frac{1}{2}$; December, 86 $\frac{1}{2}$; January, 87 $\frac{1}{2}$; February, 88 $\frac{1}{2}$; March, 89 $\frac{1}{2}$; April, 90 $\frac{1}{2}$; May, 91 $\frac{1}{2}$; June, 92 $\frac{1}{2}$; July, 93 $\frac{1}{2}$; August, 94 $\frac{1}{2}$; September, 95 $\frac{1}{2}$; October, 96 $\frac{1}{2}$; November, 97 $\frac{1}{2}$; December, 98 $\frac{1}{2}$; January, 99 $\frac{1}{2}$; February, 100 $\frac{1}{2}$; March, 101 $\frac{1}{2}$; April, 102 $\frac{1}{2}$; May, 103 $\frac{1}{2}$; June, 104 $\frac{1}{2}$; July, 105 $\frac{1}{2}$; August, 106 $\frac{1}{2}$; September, 107 $\frac{1}{2}$; October, 108 $\frac{1}{2}$; November, 109 $\frac{1}{2}$; December, 110 $\frac{1}{2}$; January, 111 $\frac{1}{2}$; February, 112 $\frac{1}{2}$; 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A GRAND MOVE.

The Herald is enabled to announce to-day from authoritative inside sources the certainty of a railway combination of the utmost importance to the Northwest and the whole country as well. The combination and related plans are detailed in full in our news columns, and can be fully relied upon. The assured control of the Duluth & Winnipeg by the Canadian Pacific upon its completion, joining the Duluth & South Shore and forming a continuous line from Winnipeg to the South, will be a grand acquisition for the great Canadian transcontinental road, and a great bonanza, as we believe, for Duluth as well.

Not only does it assure a superb new line to the South from Winnipeg, shortening the actual running distance, as is calculated, about 150 miles, but it enables the Canadian Pacific to dispense practically with one of its most costly sections maintained with exceptional difficulty and expense, and at a considerable advantage with its rival. Nor is this all by any means. It is designed to shorten the present line between Winnipeg and the Pacific coast wherever feasible cut-offs can be made, and a new outlet will soon be opened by a Seattle connection.

This with the connected steamship lines now running and to be established from Japan, China, Australia, and other parts of the East and the Atlantic lines from Canadian ports will make the Canadian Pacific unquestionably the most gigantic traffic system of the world, and a power in the world's trade surpassing any present conception. These are the days of wonderful extensions and unions of forces, but none yet recorded stands on a level with this mighty combination.

Thus far only one setback has been given to the development of this really majestic scheme, the failure of the Canadian Pacific to secure its highly-prized New England outlet by the acquisition of the Boston & Lowell system. In this it was headed off by the Boston & Maine, decidedly to the detriment of New England and Boston in particular, as we think, and we hope every day to see Boston a great outlet of this extraordinary current of trade and linked by it with the closest ties of interest to Duluth. As it is, no American city has an interest in the expanding success of this grand enterprise equal to that of Duluth, and for Duluth The Herald holds the news given as the most important to its future since that of the projection and opening of the Northern Pacific from the head of the lakes to the Pacific. That The Herald is the first to announce positively the practical conclusion of this great combination and its attendant changes is a feather in its cap as a newspaper which any journal in the country could be proud of. The Herald tosses up its cap today therefore with pardonable self-congratulation.

The proposition to abolish secret sessions of the United States senate for the purpose of considering and acting upon executive nominations meets with increasing favor. Last week the senate committee on rules had a vote upon the question whether the senate rules should be changed at all. Two members of that committee advocate open sessions of the senate when the President's nominations, unless the committee reporting them desire the proceedings to be secret. It is troublesome for senators, even those of a Roman pattern, to keep secrets, and it is apparent that public ends are very seldom served by secrecy, while closed doors afford opportunities for the meanly safe reiteration of calumnies. Therefore it is that the shrewdest senators are beginning to perceive that open sessions are to be preferred to secret sessions of doubtful utility at the best, and so leaky commonly as to reduce the secret to a farce, and vex them with garbled reports of their proceedings which they are not at liberty to explain or contradict.

The ill-humored contract labor is disgusting even its makers and should be reformed at once. Its absurdities have been more than once held up in the bright light, and one is now pilloried by the decision of the secretary of the treasury that a clergyman is a "laborer" and that no church in this country has the right to call under contract for the services of any foreign minister to fill its pulpit. This leaves the law in such a condition as is remarked by a ready-witted Washington correspondent that musicians, actors, actresses, acrobats, sword-swallowers, bareback riders and jugglers can come in as artists, as was decided the other day, but a minister of the gospel is barred out. If the clergyman should come into the country seeking employment the government would not prohibit him from entering our ports, but when he comes with a positive engagement it is supposed to be detrimental to the interests of the local clergyman, who must be protected from foreign competition. There is no evidence that a single American

clergyman has ever asked for this protection, and the framers of the law probably never thought of barring out pulpit labor, but they made them so fine that it takes an artist to get through it.

The exports of the British tin plate industry for the last year are of particular interest to this country. The exports exceed those of the previous year in the history of the trade, amounting to a total of more than 430,000 tons, valued at \$5,000,000. The following table shows where these exports went:

To	Tons	Value
Holland	3,995	\$6,234
Germany	4,422	6,946
France	4,422	6,946
Austria	4,422	6,946
Belgium	4,422	6,946
Spain	4,422	6,946
Italy	4,422	6,946
Portugal	4,422	6,946
Sweden	4,422	6,946
Denmark	4,422	6,946
Norway	4,422	6,946
Finland	4,422	6,946
Switzerland	4,422	6,946
Other countries	4,422	6,946
Total	430,000	\$5,000,000

From this it appears that we took from Great Britain more than 77 per cent of all her shipments of tin plate, to the value of \$2,325,000. No wonder we have the report of the rapid development of this industry in Great Britain and the demand for new storage accommodations at Swansea for the export trade. The English are using our money to build up their home industry in great shape, and applying the cheap campaign against taxing the American workman's dinner plate without caring to consider whether it carries any dinner or not.

It has been calculated by the secretary of the American Tin Plate Association that to produce here the quantity of tin plate which we now import would employ the labor of 35,000 men and 175,000 women, thus distributed: 2,000,000 tons of coke and coal, 2,000 men; 1,000,000 tons of iron, 1,200 men; 450,000 tons of pig iron, 450 men; 150,000 tons of cast iron, 150 men; 150,000 tons of steel, 150 men; 150,000 tons of tin, 150 men; 150,000 tons of zinc, 150 men; 150,000 tons of lead, 150 men; 150,000 tons of copper, 150 men; 150,000 tons of brass, 150 men; 150,000 tons of aluminum, 150 men; 150,000 tons of nickel, 150 men; 150,000 tons of chrome, 150 men; 150,000 tons of manganese, 150 men; 150,000 tons of silicon, 150 men; 150,000 tons of phosphorus, 150 men; 150,000 tons of sulfur, 150 men; 150,000 tons of carbon, 150 men; 150,000 tons of nitrogen, 150 men; 150,000 tons of oxygen, 150 men; 150,000 tons of hydrogen, 150 men; 150,000 tons of chlorine, 150 men; 150,000 tons of fluorine, 150 men; 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THE YEAR'S ORE TRADE.

Present Outlook for the Different Lake Superior Ranges.

Expectation as to the Shipments From the Largest Mines.

The Railways Preparing for the Rush; Iron Ore Notes.

The prospect is growing constantly better for the iron output of 1890. Weeks ago the total for the year was estimated at 900,000 tons, and this figure recent developments seem to corroborate. The value of this ore will be about \$10,000,000 and the benefit to the entire Lake Superior region by its mining can hardly be measured in figures. Every mining company in the Marquette, Menominee and Gogebic ranges is making preparations for an output that will exceed last season's at least 25 per cent. Every pound of ore on the docks and at the mines has been sold, and at prices which have given a good profit to mine owners, agents and to manufacturers. The ranges have begun a new era of prosperity and the outlook for several years of great activity has never been so good.

This increase in output will not be so much from the large mines but from the smaller ones, and this will conduce more to the prosperity of the district, it is the small manufacturers which give wealth and activity to a country. The outlook in the copper country is also good.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic is making preparations for handling this increased output. Last year at Marquette the road handled about 1,200,000 tons of ore, but this season it expects to carry nearly 2,000,000 tons. And for this reason the railway's shops are busy, and 400 men are finding employment in the various departments. Material for 100 new ore cars has been received, and the company expects to have these completed by early spring. The South Shore is getting all its engine in shape for an immense business. In the slope seven engines are undergoing repairs, and they will be put early into active service. The road is already running a large business ore to the East and Chicago.

The new line to Dead River is also completed, and a large business is expected over this branch. At Marquette the company has completed plans for a new dock. It is already under three docks with a capacity of 30,000 tons. The new dock will be the finest one in the world, so far as equipment is concerned. All the recent innovations for handling the product will be employed in building the structure, which will have a capacity of 30,000 tons. The South Shore will also place orders this year for more box cars, as the increase in Duluth traffic has been such as to warrant it.

At Escanaba the Chicago & Northwestern is making ready for carrying a larger quantity of ore than it has ever handled before. Mine companies estimate that the output of the Escanaba range will be fully 4,000,000 tons, an increase over last year of 1,000,000 tons. These figures may be placed, yet it is probable that the increase will be less than 500,000 or 700,000 tons. The mines along the Milwaukee & Northern will also increase their output in the proportions cited at Marquette and Escanaba.

While smaller mines will increase greatly the big fellows are not at all slow. Each of the twelve "big mines" will show a larger output this year than last. The Norrie mine 500,000 tons and the Minnesota and Chapin will each mine 750,000 tons or more. The Chandler will mine 500,000 tons this year, and the Florence, Dunn, Ashland, Aurora, Lake Superior, Cleveland and Lake Angele mines are each good for 300,000 tons.

Handling the Product.
Iron Trade Review. An important factor in the business of 1890 will be the question of handling the immense output, which will exceed last year's by nearly 30 per cent. Of this increase, fully 500,000 tons will go to Chicago, leaving the lower lake ports to handle 1,500,000 tons more than they did last year. This, of course, will call for increased dock facilities, and some of these, and an extension of storage room by the railway companies. One Cleveland dock company is endeavoring to double its facilities by the opening of navigation, and the Schlesinger people are reported to be building 2500 feet of dock front in Astoria to accommodate their increased output. The vesselmen, in the meantime, are not very anxious to secure employment, and a great many carriers that were chartered during the season of 1889 will go wild next summer, if their owners carry out their present views.

The Lower Court.
At the police court this morning Oliver Williams was charged with assault in the third degree, the complaint being preferred by his wife. The case was set for March 14, and Williams sent to jail till that time, in default of bail of \$100. John Fritz for disorderly conduct put up \$10 for his appearance this morning, and was mulcted of \$5. Chas. E. McDonald a simple drunk went up for seven days. Albert Hanson and Ed Nelson, two plain drunks each paid a fine of \$5 for their Sunday spree.

The Kennan Lecture.
A notable event of the coming week will be the lecture by Mr. George Kennan at the Opera House Thursday evening. His subject will be "Camp Life in Eastern Siberia," and this is said to be the most interesting of the number that Mr. Kennan has given to admiring audiences all over the country. He will be introduced by Rev. Mr. Noyes, of Pilgrim church. The sale of seats opens this morning at Montague's.

Getting Plans for the Ore Dock.
The South Shore coal has been in communication with the Duluth & Winnipeg company relating to ore docks to be built by the latter at West Duluth. The Duluth & Winnipeg wishes plans prepared and all possible information on this subject, and also plans for the structure.

I am selling a few lots on Tower avenue, West Superior, at low prices and easy terms. These lots are great selections. G. T. JONES, 302 First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.

Corner lot in Portland, \$700 on easy payments. A snap. G. T. JONES, Room 42 Exchange building.

Corner on Lake avenue and Fifth street for sale at a bargain. Terms easy. Look this up. G. T. JONES, Room 42 Exchange building.

BORING FOR THE PIER.

Ground not Satisfactory so far for a Substantial Pier.

The boring to ascertain the nature of the ground on the south side of the canal is progressing rapidly. The method of drilling is an ingenious one. A two-inch pipe is forced in the ground by a hydraulic jack. Inside this pipe a smaller pipe is inserted, and as the main pipe is driven down a jet of water is pumped into it through the small pipe which flushes out the dirt. The large pipes are in five-foot lengths with a thread on the end of each that other lengths may be screwed on as required. The method of flushing out the main pipe, although similar in some respects to that in use for boring for oil wells, has many important improvements which have been invented by Mr. Reed. His method of using the jet is entirely original, and operates most satisfactorily. It is the intention to go down 100 feet, about half that distance has been drilled so far, the chief material encountered being quicksand, which of course is not a desirable foundation, and if nothing more substantial is found, will necessitate putting in a broad concrete foundation.

MARINE MATTERS.

The Northern People Lease a Line; Other Matters.

The Northern Steamship company has leased the old Red dock, between Commercial street and the Anchor Line dock at Buffalo, and is putting it in repair for the opening of navigation. A shed will be built and the creek dredged to the depth of sixteen feet. This line will do the Lake Superior business of the Erie and Lackawanna roads, and will continue last year's arrangement with Ward's line. The line has made a traffic arrangement with the Erie and Lackawanna roads, and will continue last year's arrangement with Ward's line. The line has made a traffic arrangement with the Erie and Lackawanna roads, and will continue last year's arrangement with Ward's line.

In Scotland, where the most extensive shipyards are located, it is the custom of the men employed in a yard to celebrate the launching of the first vessel in most handsome style. The majority of the men employed in the steel plant of F. W. Wheeler & Co.'s yard are from the great Clyde shipyards, and in pursuance of the old-country custom they are making preparations for a big celebration on the launching of the first vessel of the new line, the steel steamer "City of Chicago." A banquet will be given on the evening after the launch, for which several hundred invitations will be issued the latter part of this week to local business men and all outside firms doing business with F. W. Wheeler & Co. At least fifty of Mr. Wheeler's Washington friends will also be invited.

Nearly Ready to Operate.
Within a few days the Chicago, Milwaukee & Lake Superior Telegraph company will have its new line between Milwaukee and Marquette, Mich., in operation. The line has already been opened for local business between Marquette and Escanaba, and comparatively little work remains to be done as the poles are all up and the wires strung for the greater portion of the distance between here and Marquette. In Wisconsin the line will touch Port Washington, Kaukauna, Appleton, Green Bay and Marinette, and in Michigan, Menominee, Escanaba, Ishpeming and Marquette, and will extend to Duluth.

Regarding that Hermonston Fire.
Mrs. Charles Lundgren, mother of the child who perished in a burning house in Hermonston, Friday morning, is a sister of Jacob Zimmerman, the well-known contracting firm of Zimmerman & Moore. A few of the friends of the child have been found. The fire evidently caught from the stovepipe and before the child awakened he was suffocated by the smoke. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Lundgren will sympathize with them in their loss.

A Business Change.
Hans Waid, who formerly owned a meat market 730 East Third street, has sold same. He is going to start a new market in the new neighborhood, and solicits the patronage of his old friends.

A New Church.
The new Presbyterian church at Hazelwood Park, West Duluth, was organized lately with twelve members and a pastor, Rev. John McBeth for the ruling elder.

THE GUESS CONTEST.

All Readers May Compete, And as Often as They Want.

How many inhabitants has Duluth? That is the question for the readers of the Herald to answer. By "Duluth" is meant the city proper, West Duluth, Lakeside and Lester Park, all to all intents and purposes parts of the city.

The Herald proposes to make it an object for its readers to guess as to the number of people in the city and the town. The Herald proposes to make it an object for its readers to guess as to the number of people in the city and the town. The Herald proposes to make it an object for its readers to guess as to the number of people in the city and the town.

First Prize \$50 in Gold, Second Prize \$25 in Gold.

Guesses will be received at this office until the day when the enumerators of the census begin their work.

Population Contest Coupon.
My guess as to the number of inhabitants in Duluth, West Duluth, Lakeside and Lester Park, all to all intents and purposes parts of the city, is as follows:

Whole number of inhabitants—
Name of guesser—
Residence of guesser—
Date, March 3, 1890.

Cut out this coupon, make your guess upon it and send it to the Daily Herald. All guesses must be made on this coupon. Only one guess allowed to a single coupon, but you can buy as many papers as you want, day after day, and guess on the coupons therein contained as often as you please. In case there shall be two or more answers of the same number, which number is nearest or next to nearest returned by the enumerators, then the winners shall be, in either case, the ones whose coupons bear the latest date.

Address all answers to The Daily Herald, Duluth, Minn.

May Serve as a Guide.

In order to give data that is of interest and value to the readers of the Herald, the following from the directory report of 1888, but it must be remembered that this paper does not vouch for the accuracy of the opinions set forth, and estimates are not always correct, sometimes faulty, and must usually be used with very much caution. These are the directory statements:

This volume contains 9,300 more names than the last issue; a total of 16,223 adult citizens of Duluth. This number is not in the last issue, which has been found to be truly representative of the population of the city. In the last issue, a population of 6,923 for Duluth and its suburbs was given, and the prediction is ventured that if a full, complete and accurate count be made by experienced and competent enumerators, nearly 100,000 will be found within the corporate limits of Duluth in 1890.

Population by Years.

1880, United States census..... 4,700

1880, state census..... 4,700

1880, directory estimate..... 6,923

1888, directory estimate..... 9,300

1888, directory estimate..... 9,300

FROM WEST DULUTH.

The Council Carries on Its Business; More of Politics.

General News; Gossip of People and Events; the West End.

At the council meeting Saturday evening a communication from J. A. Willard and A. Harrington was read requesting that earth from cuts in grading First street be deposited on their property. The request was not granted. Ordinances relative to protection of lamp posts, and prohibiting of fast driving or leaving any horse or other animal unhitched, or driving over a bridge faster than a walk, also licenses for auctioneers, \$5 per day for day licenses, were received by the village attorney and by motion adopted. A request from Capt. Sharp that Hans Hengelsen be appointed a policeman in the Central division, without expense to the village, was granted. The contract and bonds of Porter Bros. & Co. for grading Main street were approved. Village engineer submitted a report of estimate for grading First street, Oneco, amounting to \$30,000. The report was accepted and the recorder instructed to advertise for bids. Plan of survey of Grand avenue through West End and Grassy Point additions was presented to the village engineer. The fire department was instructed to make arrangements for use of team for fire.

The Young People's society of the Congregational church offer a varied and interesting program at their entertainment this evening, and an enjoyable evening is promised to all who attend. H. Nelson of the firm of Olson & Nelson returned Saturday from his visit to Minneapolis.

D. F. Baker of Berlin, Wis., is a guest of Dr. Burdick. Services will be held at the Oneco church every night this week in which the pastor will be assisted by Rev. L. F. Merritt of Two Harbors.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Congregational church will meet at the residence of Mrs. Kurtz on Wednesday afternoon. Geo. Stevens, bookkeeper for the West Duluth Manufacturing company, returned yesterday from a month's visit to Boston, Mass.

H. E. Fraze has returned from a short vacation and is again at his post of duty at the West Duluth depot.

Miss Lizzie Noyes, the new teacher at the Second Avenue school entered upon her duties this morning. The regular meeting of the Scandinavian union takes place this evening at Johnsons hall.

Professor Stamm renews his dancing lessons this week and the regular social takes place next Friday evening. The Tribune reporter dishes up a column article this morning on the character of candidates and instructions to voters, winding up with this heroic oration: "Ho men, gentlemen; God hates a coward." This sentiment, coming from the lips of one whose known position is to skip out at the back door when the sheriff comes in at the front, becomes decidedly humorous.

The following is the complete program for the entertainment at the Johnsons hall.

WEST END.
Several Societies: General Notes of a Day's News.

The social at Noreanna hall Saturday evening by the Young Ladies society of the Norwegian Lutheran church was a success. The entertainment was very good, while the supper was as dainty a meal as one could wish for.

Think of baseball games in this latitude in February! Yet a number of exhibition games have been played in New York and New Jersey.

Ernie, Choate & Beaman's fee for losing the Ward case was \$2500. Had the firm won it was to have received \$3000. And the contract isn't clear yet.

The spring uniforms for the Brooklyn Association team will be made of blue-gray flannel with black stockings and "Nadys" suits will probably be selected for the summer.

The Southern Athletic club of New Orleans has offered Dempsey \$2000 to spar Mike Donovan ten rounds.

The League has now thirty-two of its old players under contract. This is counting only players who will be given records by the official book.

Contrary to general expectation Jacob Schaefer, the "wizard" was beaten Saturday night at the New York tournament by George Slosson. The New Yorker made one magnificent run of 135, beating his opponent 500 to 313. Slosson's average was over sixteen.

NO ALUM—NO AMMONIA—NO LIME—NO PHOSPHATES, IN

DE PRICE'S BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

Is superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and Most Healthful. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS. SAN FRANCISCO.

DELICIOUS, STRENGTHENING TO THE NERVES. Tea and coffee cheer but do not nourish. They even leave an injurious effect upon the nervous system. Indeed there is no beverage like

Van Houten's Cocoa, "BEST & GOES FARTHEST."

It stimulates and nourishes as none other, leaves no bad effects and is a flesh-former of the most approved type.

Commercial binding and printing received accurate and prompt attention at The Herald Job Rooms.

Dancing and Department. Professor Moss is now receiving names for his third term. Ladies, Monday: Gentlemen, Tuesday. At 4 p. m. and 8 p. m. 113 West First street.

Owners of property in Third and that part of Bay Front, division, clouded by the Prentice claim wishing to have their property represented in the action about to be brought against Frederick Prentice, must hand in their list and subscribe their name within ten days from date hereof.

Snively & Craig and Greene will be in their office, 300 and 301 First National Bank building, from 7 o'clock until 9 o'clock during every evening of this and the following week, affording an opportunity to those busily engaged during the day to give their attention to this matter during the evenings.

A bargain if taken immediately. Fifty-foot corner on Fourth street in Northland division. Terms cash. G. T. Jones, Room 42 Exchange building.

Rooms, stores, offices to rent. We have a large list of applicants for houses who must be supplied immediately.

Owners whose houses will be vacant on or before May last can secure responsible tenants by listing the same with us NOW.

HOOPER & OGLE. Rental and Insurance Agency, 323 West Superior St., Duluth.

Pacific express (limited) for Fargo, Helena, Butte, Spokane Falls, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland, 8:30 p. m. 4:25 p. m.

Dakota express, for Grand Forks, Bismarck, Minn., and Winnipeg, 7:15 p. m. 7:55 a. m.

Free Colonist Sleepers. Are run on Pacific express leaving Duluth at 8:30 p. m. Through sleeper from Duluth to Dakota express, leaving at 7:15 p. m.

JOHN C. ROBINSON. Ticket Agent, Union Depot.

THE NORTHWESTERN LINE. C. ST. P., M. & O. R. Y.

To Our New Store, And although the front is not yet completed, we can wait on our customers.

10 East Superior Street.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Duluth Savings & Investment COMPANY.

Know all men by these presents, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together and do hereby associate ourselves together and agree to become a corporation under and by virtue of title two, chapter thirty-four of the general statutes of the state of Minnesota for the year 1888, and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto.

And to that end and for that purpose have adopted and agreed to and signed the following articles of incorporation.

I. The name of this corporation shall be the "Duluth Savings & Investment company;" the general nature of its business and its object shall be to buy, own, improve, sell, lease and deal in lands, tenements and hereditaments, real, mixed and personal property; and to enhance, build upon and improve the same to every extent, and in such manner and for such purpose as this corporation may deem proper or advantageous, and to make such other investments as may be deemed best and proper, and to enjoy such other rights, powers and privileges as are conferred by the statute in this behalf made and provided, and under which this company is incorporated.

II. The said corporation shall commence business on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1890, and shall continue for the period of twenty years.

III. The amount of capital stock of this corporation shall be limited to the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), and the same shall be paid in full by the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, in such manner as the board of directors shall prescribe.

IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability which this corporation shall at any time be subject to the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

V. The names and places of residence of all the persons forming the said corporation are as follows: E. W. Mather, Duluth, Minnesota. John Olson, Duluth, Minnesota. John Olson, Duluth, Minnesota. D. R. Pearson, Duluth, Minnesota. D. R. Pearson, Duluth, Minnesota. J. A. Wright, Humboldt, Iowa. J. A. Wright, Humboldt, Iowa. J. A. Wright, Humboldt, Iowa. J. A. Wright, Humboldt, Iowa. J. A. Wright, Humboldt, Iowa.

VI. The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of seven directors, who shall choose from among their number a president, a vice-president, a secretary and a treasurer. The said board of directors shall be composed of two classes; one class consisting of three members, who shall be elected for the term of one year, and a second class consisting of four members, who shall be elected for the term of two years. The board of directors shall meet at such time and place as shall be provided by the by-laws of the corporation, and the directors shall be chosen by the directors of the first board of directors shall continue in office one year and until their successors are elected and entered upon their duties. The directors of the second class shall continue in office two years and until their successors are elected and enter upon their duties. The officers shall hold office until their successors shall be chosen.

VII. The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into one thousand (1000) shares of fifty dollars (\$50) each. In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals this 3rd day of January, A. D. 1890.

ASTON GROSSBETH, Sec'y. JOHN OLSEN, Sec'y. JOHN OLSEN, Sec'y. JOHN OLSEN, Sec'y. JOHN OLSEN, Sec'y. JOHN OLSEN, Sec'y. JOHN OLSEN, Sec'y. JOHN OLSEN, Sec'y. JOHN OLSEN, Sec'y. JOHN OLSEN, Sec'y.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss. COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. I, J. J. Grogan and R. A. Castello, partners as J. J. Grogan & Co., do hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1890, at 12 o'clock, a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Y of Incorporations on page 172.

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A. J. WHITEMAN

DEALER IN

PINE -- LANDS

REAL ESTATE

410 and 411 First National Bank Bldg.

I have facilities for buying and selling Real Estate unexcelled by any agent in the city.

List your property with me and I will advertise and sell it for you. I must have the exclusive sale for five days of any and all property placed in my hands, and I will advertise nothing I cannot deliver.

I offer for the next three days the following bargains in acres:

N E 1-4, section 9-49-15, \$75 per Acre.

N I-2 of N E 1-4, N I-2 of N W 1-4, S E 1-4 of N E 1-4, section 2-47-15, at \$5000. Terms half cash.

N I-2 of N W 1-4 and S E 1-4 of N W 1-4, section 28-48-15, at \$55 an acre.

N I-2 and S E 1-4 of section 4-47-15, at \$23 per acre.

80 Acres in section 28-48-15, adjoining Wallbridge, \$65 per acre.

LOTS IN WEST DULUTH

On all Streets and Avenues.

New House and Lot on Fourth avenue, \$2000. Terms, one-quarter cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years.

New House and Lot on Fifth street, corner Third avenue, West Duluth, \$1800, on same terms.

A LITERARY MARVEL.—\$2.50 PER VOLUME.

Every person or family possessing this work, in reality obtains a Standard Library of \$1000 value. All scholars, clergymen, doctors and merchants agree in this statement. Set of 24 volumes now ready for immediate delivery, free of express charges, on 2, 4, 6 and 8 months terms, and no interest debited.

C. W. DUMONT, General Agent, Davidson Block, St. Paul.

A. L. MORRIS, City Agent, Exchange Building.

739 & 741 Broadway, New York; 126 Washington St., Chicago.

We publish the Popular Edition of the ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA from latest English edition, at \$2.50 per volume, being one-third the price of the original and one-half the price of the Schermer edition of the same work. We have reproduced all illustrations, maps and text, page for page, and volume for volume. Complete sets of 24 volumes for \$50.00. C. W. DUMONT, General Agent, Davidson Block, St. Paul.

TH. J. HENRY G. ALLEN COMPANY

739 & 741 Broadway, New York; 126 Washington St., Chicago.

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739 & 741 Broadway, New York; 126 Washington St., Chicago.

739 & 7

Corner of Main Street and
First Avenue west, West
Duluth, cheap at E. C. Hol-
liday's, 326 W. Sup. St.

DULUTH HERALD.

VOL. 7; NO. 284.

DULUTH, MINN., TUESDAY, MARCH, 4, 1890.

I have a large list of Acres.
Call and see them.
E. C. HOLLIDAY,
326 W. Superior Street,
HOTEL ST. LOUIS BUILDING.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

L. J. TAUSSIG & CO., 9 PHOENIX BLOCK.

N E 1-4, Section 34-48-15, \$35 per acre, cheap.
S E 1-4 of S W 1-4, Section 10-48-13, \$185 per acre. Will sell at \$300
in 90 days.
A Tower Avenue lot between Eleventh and Twelfth streets for \$9000.
Below market.
Lots and acres in South Superior. Sure to advance

L. J. TAUSSIG & CO.

WANTED

Have several customers who wish to buy
ACRE PROPERTY
—IN—
Town 48, Range 13

Do not want any property farther out than three miles be-
yond city limits. Parties will pay half or all cash, but prices
must be reasonable. All trades closed immediately.

CALL AT ONCE.

Wm. G. Sherwood & Co.

Room 8, Metropolitan Block.

THE NEW PLAT OF SOUTH SUPERIOR, FOURTH DIVISION

Just placed on the market.

CALL AT ONCE AND GET YOUR PICK OF LOTS.

THOS. H. FAIRFAX.

203 Palladio Building, Second Floor, Duluth, Minn.

J. W. EDSALL,

Room 508 Palladio Building.

40 Acres, se 1-4 of se 1-4, 10-48-14, \$15,000.
80 Acres, w 1-2 of nw 1-4, 9-48-14, \$24,000.
80 Acres, w 1-2 of se 1-4, 15-48-14, \$14,000.
40 Acres, ne 1-4 of ne 1-4, 22-48-16, \$20,000.
200 Acres, se 1-4, 22-48-12, \$25,000.
160 Acres, sw 1-4, 1-47-16, \$11 per acre.
80 Acres, s 1-2 of sw 1-4, 23-48-16, \$50 per acre

Branch Office: Superior Abstract Office, Superior, Wis.

J. W. EDSALL,

MYERS & WHIPPLE

Two sections and 500 acres scattered in 47-16, \$7.50 and \$8.
80 Acres in 12-47-17, \$10 per acre, perfect title.
Two 80's and one 120-acre tract in 49-16.
800 Acres scattered in 48-16.
2900 Acres in 50-16, cheap and sure advance.
Two 160's, two 40's and one 80-acre tract, 50-15.
Some excellent purchases in 50-14 and 51-14.
Bargain back of Lakeside.
Want to loan \$500, \$1000, \$1250, \$1500, \$2500, \$5000.
Look out for Ads, Akeley, Laprairie.

FIRE AND PLATE GLASS INSURANCE. BEST OF COM-
PANIES.

R. R. Macfarlane & Co.

32 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Lot J, Section 1-48-15, 21 15-100 acres, \$400 per acre
5 Acres, Section 11-50-14, adjoining city limits, \$1500.
200 Acres, Section 9-50-14, \$300 per acre.

MERRITT & LEDDELL

Make a specialty of choice Acres and Lots in all parts of
the city and suburbs, especially up the river.

CALL - AND - SEE - US - BEFORE - PURCHASING

As we can save you money.

MERRITT & LEDDELL

Room 4 Fergusson Block.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1899.

REAL ESTATE.

We have a large list of choice Residence Lots, Acres, Business and Dock
Property, of which we have exclusive control.

LOANS.

We negotiate loans in any amount on improved city property, and for par-
ties wishing to build, at the lowest current rates of interest.

INSURANCE.

Our list of companies comprises some of the oldest and largest in exist-
ence. We give special attention to the careful writing of policies and prompt
and fair settlement of all losses.

ROOMS 2, 3 AND 4, BOARD OF TRADE BLDG, DULUTH, MINN.

ACRES - CHEAP

S 1-2 of S W 1-4, section 20-48-13, at \$75.
W 1-2 of S E 1-4, section 29-48-13, at \$5.
N W 1-4 of N E 1-4, sec. 28-48-13, at 70.
N W 1-4 of S W 1-4, sec. 28-48-14, at 60.
N W 1-4 of S W 1-4, sec. 32-48-14, at 40.

J. M. ROOT & CO.

9 Metropolitan Block.

LAST EDITION. TO TAP THE RICH NORTH.

A Railroad Company Orga-
nizes to Build to the
Iron Mines.

Another Project, Incubating
for a Year, Ready to
Push.

Surveyors Tell of the Country
they Crossed on the
Route.

Within a few days, articles of incor-
poration for a new railroad to tap the
Vermilion iron country will be filed with
the secretary of state at St. Paul. The
projectors of this scheme have been keep-
ing their plans very quiet, but matters
have now progressed so favorably, that
it is probable that work on the line will
begin this year, and the road pushed to
completion before '91.

Several surveys have been made north
from Duluth, but exactly where the line
will run is not known.
But little is known regarding the person-
nel of the company. Among those
interested in iron lands in the range, and
probably also interested in the develop-
ment of any scheme to reach their
property through sources other than the
Duluth & Iron Range, are C. E. Shannon
and associates, M. B. Harrison, W. K.
Rogers, James H. Jones, Messrs. M. B.
Comber, Hovey, John G. Brown, A. M.
Miller, Hartman & Mallett, and many
others. In the building of this new
Vermilion road, besides Duluth and
Eastern people, Fairbault and Minne-
apolis capitalists, among them being R.
D. Chase, who is interested in the Mer-
ritt properties. It is understood that
the company has plenty of capital back
of it, and the project will not fail for
lack of funds.

NOTES OF A SURVEY.

The Route Selected by a Railway Company
That Has Plenty of Money.

Surveys have been finished for a di-
rect line from Duluth to the Vermilion
and Mesabi ranges and even beyond and
negotiations are for along toward secur-
ing the route that will be built very
soon. The surveyors have got out
clear into the iron country on a max-
imum of 1 per cent grade—that is fifty
feet to the mile—as easy as any
grade ever surveyed out of Duluth.
They have found good timber and a fine
agricultural country. They pass the
Mesabi heights on an easy grade and
after getting beyond surveyed to the
Vermilion range, the line goes on a
grade that possesses great advantages.
This road will open up a new area of country
equal to about one-sixth of the state of
Minnesota. Directly tributary will be
over a billion feet of lumber, very much
of the ore land in Northern
Minnesota and the best of the undeveloped
agricultural lands in the
state. That part of the land from Wipe-
nipeg to the Lake of the Woods is
already surveyed. There is plenty of
money back of the project. The new
road will be built without a doubt,
Eastern and English capital is at the
back of it, and it will be pushed forward
rapidly.

TO FIGHT MERRIAM.

To Fight Against Him, Lieutenant-Gov-
ernor Rice or Kate Nelson?

WASHINGTON, March 4.—If indications
here could for anything, it must be con-
cluded that the Minnesota Scandinavians
want one of their countrymen to
lead the republican state ticket this fall.
They have had the second place for sev-
eral years and leave intended to hold it.
They desired more than this; now, it
seems, they are going to demand the
first place.

This is the story that has drifted to
Washington within a short period. It
arrived about the time about Marcus
Johnson, Minnesota's brand new collec-
tor of internal revenue, put in an appear-
ance. Johnson comes from the home
of Lieutenant-Governor A. Rice. He is
a warm personal friend and political ad-
mirer of the Lieutenant-Governor. Mr.
Rice has a strong personal following in
Minnesota and certainly very few political
enemies. He would make a most
popular gubernatorial candidate. It is
said now that Mr. Rice will allow his
name to be brought before the republi-
can state convention next fall. But this
was to be kept quiet for several months
yet. The republican politicians who are
opposed to Merriam, it is said, are will-
ing the Scandinavians should have the
governorship provided they can "knock
out" the present state executive in the
convention.

If Rice should not be chosen for this
job, then Kate Nelson may be brought
forth from his obscurity to accomplish
it. The general plans of this canvass do
not seem to have been arranged yet, but
that there is some foundation for the
story is conceded among politicians from
the North Star state now in Washing-
ton. The older politicians will for the
most part be opposed to Merriam's re-
nomination. Senator Davis is not likely
to give him hearty support, and it is
almost as certain that Senator Wash-
burn will be in line with his colleague in
this respect. Loren Fletcher, R. B.
Langdon, Capt. Castle and others of the
"old crowd" are expected to fight the
banker governor. The Pillsbury, it is
claimed, can be counted as either neutral
or against Merriam, and this is possi-
bly true of Thomas Lowry and other promi-
nent business men.

Consular Appointments.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The President
today sent to the senate the following
nominations of consuls: Wm. Burgess
of New Jersey, at Tunstall; Herbert
Wolcott Bowen of New York, at Barce-
lona; Frederick W. Callahan of New York,
at Munich; William R. Estes of Minne-
sota, at Kingston, Jamaica.

Congressman Tulliver Wore.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Ex-Congress-
man Tulliver, who was shot by Corre-
spondent Kincaid on Friday last, is now
very dangerously ill, his case having
changed for the worse.

A DEMOCRATIC WIND.

The Democrats Carry Off Great Majorities
in Iowa Towns.

Des Moines, March 4.—Municipal
elections were held in several Iowa cities
yesterday. The democrats cleaned up
everything in Burlington. In Cedar
Rapids they elected a mayor and enough
aldermen to make the council a tie. At
Clinton the democratic candidate for
mayor defeated the republicans and citi-
zen's candidates. Creston democrats
have secured a majority of their council.
At Ottumwa the republicans secured a
majority of aldermen. Republicans at
Conneville elected their candidate for
mayor. In the first republican elect, en-
dorsed to take office there; the democ-
rats captured the remainder of the
ticket. Fort Dodge elected the democ-
ratic ticket. At Des Moines and Sioux
City both parties claim the
majority. An official count will be
necessary to decide. The indications
are that the republican candidates will
be successful.

TO REMAIN PERMANENT.

World's Fair Committee of New York to
Go to Chicago.

New York, March 4.—The executive
committee of the New York World's fair,
which meets this afternoon, will at the
same time elect a permanent committee
to carry on the style of the exposition.
The proposition that the organization re-
main intact for the purpose of erecting
permanent exhibition buildings within a
large scale can be held every year.
Channay Depue, president of the com-
mittee, is in favor of the proposition, but
some other members of the committee
are "against" it.
It is suggested, also, that the appro-
priation of \$10,000,000 voted by the legis-
lature may be utilized for the erection of
museums of art and natural history, the
improvement of Morningside park and
the erection of a permanent building
which after the style of the Crystal
palace at Sydenham.

LATEST YANKEE NOTION.

Young Ladies Visit New England Towns
and Start Libraries.

Boston, March 4.—A number of young
women, who are lecturers in the cities
in Massachusetts, have formed an or-
ganization for the purpose of supplying
small towns with libraries. The plan
of operation is to visit towns destitute
of libraries, talk the matter over with the
leading people, get them interested in it,
and induce them to contribute accord-
ing to their means—some of them the
ground, some the books, and those who
cannot do more to help the good
work, by day labor.

The girls are going still further, and
are endeavoring to get the towns to con-
tribute \$100 as a starter to any town
which shows a disposition to begin the
equipment of a library.

Letter Go Slow.

CHICAGO, March 4.—Representatives
of all the Carpenters unions in the city
will gather at the Bricklayers hall this
afternoon to hear the report of the com-
mittee on the recently formulated de-
mand for an increase of wages to a min-
imum of three dollars per hour. It is
said that not a single contractor has
conceded the demand. The majority of
them regard it as inconsistent and il-
logical. In regard to the resurrec-
tion of business, it would be simply
ridiculous. A strike will be the prob-
able result of the meeting. The presi-
dent of the union, who is a member of
the men are assured the support of
the bricklayers.

A Journalist Dies.

CLEVELAND, March 4.—Erwin Cowles,
editor of The Leader, died at his home
this morning at the age of 65 years. He
had been confined to his home during
the last three weeks of his life. He was
suffering from a severe attack of
heart disease. He was a member of
the union, and was a very popular
man. He was a member of the union,
and was a very popular man. He was
a member of the union, and was a very
popular man. He was a member of the
union, and was a very popular man.

Making Necessary Preparations.

CLEVELAND, March 4.—All the league
magnates participated today in the
opening of the great growth of the league.
This morning at the age of 65 years. He
had been confined to his home during
the last three weeks of his life. He was
suffering from a severe attack of
heart disease. He was a member of
the union, and was a very popular
man. He was a member of the union,
and was a very popular man. He was
a member of the union, and was a very
popular man. He was a member of the
union, and was a very popular man.

A Ministerial Crisis.

PUNJ, March 4.—The members of this
city are unanimous in expressing opinion
over that discussion in the chamber of
deputies yesterday, and of M. Dreyfus
interpretation in regard to the resurrec-
tion of business, it would be simply
ridiculous. A strike will be the prob-
able result of the meeting. The presi-
dent of the union, who is a member of
the men are assured the support of
the bricklayers.

A Train Accident in England.

LONDON, March 4.—At the night ex-
press train from London for Scotland
was entering Carlisle, the engineer found
that he could not stop the train owing
to the tight coupling. The train, which
was running at a high rate, shot past
the platform and dashed with terrific
force into the buildings. The train, which
was running at a high rate, shot past
the platform and dashed with terrific
force into the buildings. The train, which
was running at a high rate, shot past
the platform and dashed with terrific
force into the buildings.

There'd be Two Dead Ducks Then.

BALTIMORE, March 4.—Manager
Barney, of the Baltimore Base Ball club,
says that if the management of the Na-
tional league purchase the Washington
club franchise he will organize an At-
lantic Association club at the capital
and back it with money subscribed by
local business men.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS.

It is alleged that gold has been dis-
covered near Augusta, Maine. The gold
belt is fifteen miles in width, extending
from the Sandy river to the Androscog-
gin. The metal is found in quartz rock,
and it is believed to exist extensively in
paying quantities. James B. Stockwell
has gone to Chicago to purchase gold
mining machinery.

The citizens of Aitkin have organized
a board of trade with a charter mem-
ber. The board is composed of Messrs.
P. P. DeLaittre, treasurer; J. V. Le-
gion, secretary; and George V. Le-
gion, president. The board is composed
of Messrs. P. P. DeLaittre, treasurer;
J. V. Legion, secretary; and George V.
Legion, president. The board is com-
posed of Messrs. P. P. DeLaittre, treas-
urer; J. V. Legion, secretary; and George
V. Legion, president.

A League has been formed in Montreal

to bring about the independence of
Canada by 1892. All the American
powers are to be asked to exert their
moral influence, and it is said, to take
concerted action to free the country
from the last vestige of European rule
on the continent.

THE REPUBLICAN CLUBS

Meet in Their First Conven-
tion in Nashville
Today.

Address of Welcome of the
President; Harrison Also
Writes.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 4.—Over
1000 delegates, representing a majority
of the states, were assembled in Amuse-
ment hall at noon today when Hon.
John M. Thurston of Nebraska called to
order the third annual convention of the
Republican League of the United States.
The hall was appropriately decorated,
and a picture of President Harrison
occupied a conspicuous position.
States' delegations commenced to ar-
rive at 1 o'clock and the convention
did not until the assembling was called
to order. Members spent the time in
chattering and socializing. The presi-
dent of the organization, Convention
hall is the largest in the city.
The seating capacity is 1100. When Hon.
A. J. Watson, chairman of the local
executive committee, called the assem-
bly to order and made the address of
welcome, there were nearly 600 delegates
in their seats, with at least 100 more ex-
pected before the convention adjourns.
Chairman Watson's address of welcome
was brief but eloquent.
He said that the citizens, brother
republicans, it affords me great pleasure
to give you a most cordial and hearty
welcome. You will find here a warm
and generous and hospitable people
as there are anywhere on this broad
earth, that nationality now reigns su-
preme here where formerly prejudice
and sectionalism pent up and hounded
the scope of patriotic endeavor and en-
thusiasm. There is no North, there is no
South, nor East nor West to the man
who loves his country, its beneficent in-
stitutions, its rainbow banner of light,
its government that governs so mildly
that the steel of the people is conscious
of no burden of its harness. Why should
we not that slavery has been abolished
the old barren, when no product of the
soil, except cotton, distinguishes our
land from the range reared by the
people of other portions of the republic?
When in manners and manners, schol-
arly culture and belief and idealism
endless endeavor, there is manifested
homogeneity that makes us as one
people. The party whose principles
you champion the party of justice
and equity, the party of the people.
It is centered the enterprise and prop-
erty of this grand nation on the
face of the earth. To the wise and
beneficent laws formulated and passed
by a republican congress is due in great
measure the prosperity of this section
of our country today. The smoke from
factories and coke oven ascends from
our land, but the smoke from the
heart throughout this broad and beau-
tiful land, so rich in everything that
the heart of man can desire, and hap-
piness. Again I bid you welcome.

Register Resume.

At The Spalding: A. Charbonneau, W.
L. Lee, Detroit; Charles S. Bennett, H.
W. Spencer, E. W. Post, O. L. Taylor,
St. Paul; P. C. Gray, Covington, Ky.;
George W. Fry, Pittsburg; R. S. H.
Emmanuel, New York; W. E. Strauss,
Cincinnati; C. H. Lord, P. P. Clark, E.
L. Sheppard, Minneapolis; T. R. Bangs,
St. Paul; William Hurt, Hartford,
Conn.

At The St. Louis: A. J. Quigley, H. C.

Von Braun, H. S. Turner, J. W. Graham,
Chicago; W. T. Henderson, Minneapolis;
R. Quayle, Clinton, Ia.; L. J. Burbank,
Ashland.

At The Merchants: J. H. Preston, St.

Paul; George E. Pingree, Milwaukee; C.
B. McLaughlin, Buffalo; T. W. Wallace,
Detroit; A. L. Lewis, Nashville; John Mc-
Kenney, Chicago.

Demand Investigation.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Commander
B. H. McCalla, commanding United
States steamship Enterprise, was at the
navy department this morning and had
an interview with Commodore Francis
M. Ramsey, chief of the bureau of nav-
igation. He referred to the newspaper
charge of cruelty and oppression on his
part during the last cruise of the En-
terprise, and requested that a court of
inquiry be appointed to investigate his
conduct during the entire time. Com-
modore Ramsey laid the matter before
Secretary Tracy, and the latter decided
to grant the officer's request. While the
detail for a court is not finally
determined upon, it will be com-
posed of Rear Admiral L. A. Kimberly,
Commodore W. P. McCalla and Capt. O.
F. Stanton. Owing to the fact that all
the witnesses to be examined are in New
York, the court will assemble in that
city. It will probably begin its sessions
Monday next.

Iowa Senatorial Election.

DES MOINES, March 4.—The Iowa
house has balloted for election of United
States senator, resulting as follows:
Allison, 50; Bestow, 41; Larrabee, 6.
Independents voted for Larrabee. The
senate will ballot at 3 o'clock this after-
noon.

A European Strike.

BERLIN, March 4.—A strike of factory
hands at Barmen is spreading. Em-
ployees of five factories have already
stopped work, and those in other
factories are threatening to do so. The
strike is being guarded by police to prevent any dem-
onstration against them by strikers.

Cannot be Rescued.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 4.—There is
no apparent possibility of the rescue of
the eight men entombed in the burning
South Wilkesbarre mine or the recovery
of the bodies until the mine has been
flooded. This will probably require a
week or more.

The League Meeting.

CLEVELAND, March 4.—The reconvened
meeting of the National league was
opened at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The
schedule is not ready yet, and will prob-
ably not be given out until Wednesday
night, and perhaps Thursday.

WOMEN'S INVESTMENT AGENCY.

Mrs. M. A. Stevens and Mrs. L. J. Wilson
Managers.

We take this opportunity of inform-
ing the women of Duluth and vicinity,
that we have opened parlors at No. 311
and 312, Palladio building, where we
may be found from the hours of 9
and 12 a. m., and 1 and 4 p. m., by any
person desiring to buy or sell real
estate, loaning or obtaining loans on
first-class real or personal property, rent-
ing or leasing tenements, purchasing or
selling bonds, notes, stocks or any cor-
porate or commercial paper. We shall
be constantly on hand desirable real
estate from business blocks to lots and
acre property, which can be bought for
cash or easy terms. We have money to
loan in large or small amounts. Having
come here to stay, our parlors will be
open as above for the use of all lady
friends and patrons. Call and see us.
List your property with us. Invest
through us, and we will do our best to
give you satisfaction.

Mrs. M. A. STEVENS,
Mrs. L. J. WILSON.

The "missionary tea meeting" of the
M. E. church has been postponed to
Wednesday, March 12, to be held at the
residence of Mrs. A. W. Bradley, 407
West First street.

Miss Simonds left today for Minneapolis

where she will study music under
Professor Zech, who lately electrified
Duluth by his piano playing.
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Poirer, at their
residence on East Sixth street, enter-
tained a large company of friends last
night. Dancing, music and card play-
ing occupied the evening, and the occa-
sion was a most enjoyable one.
Miss Jennie Sutherland will give an
"old hat" party tomorrow night at her
home on West Second street. A large
number of invitations have been issued.
Charles H. Eliot of Milwaukee, the 15-
year-old son of Robert Eliot of the Van
Dusen-Eliot Grain company of Duluth,
was secretly married a few days ago to
Lizzie Nugent a 17-year-old Milwaukee
school girl. They attempted to keep the
affair quiet but could not.

Mr. C. H. Murphy, a St. Paul capitalist

is in town.
Mr. W. H. Bliss, a prominent railroad
attorney of St. Paul, is a guest at The
Spalding.
Mr. E. W. Hubbard, Western passen-
ger agent of the Duluth, South Shore &
Atlantic, was in town this morning, ac-
companied by his wife and son.
Mr. E. W. Smalley, editor of The
Northwest Magazine, is at The Spald-
ing.

General Manager W. S. Miller of the

Northern Pacific, formerly of the Wis-
consin Central, will be married April 2,
to Miss Gertrude Louise Jones, daughter
of a well-known real estate man of Su-
perior. The announcement of the ap-
proaching marriage will be a sur-
prise to Mr. Miller's intimate friends,
some of whom have been aware of the
engagement for several months. Miss
Jones is described as a beautiful and
accomplished woman of 23. Their home
will be in St. Paul where, it is said, Mr.
Miller has already secured a handsome
home.

point. They interest young men in
public affairs and compact and organize
the interests thus excited into control-
ling public forces. The party to which
you belong has never suffered by an in-
telligent discussion of its history or
principles, and I am sure that your or-
ganization will continue to furnish cour-
ageous and well-appointed champions
wherever the lists of debate are opened."

PERSONAL.

Miss Simonds left today for Minneapo-
lis, where she will study music under
Professor Zech, who lately electrified
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accomplished woman of 23. Their home
will be in St. Paul where, it is said, Mr.
Miller has already

HERALDINGS OF A DAY.

The News Boiled Down.

Local.
Chamber of Commerce talks.
Villard will be here Thursday.
City government changes hands.
Treasurer's collections enormous.
Orin T. Higgins, the pine flat prince, dies.
The graft mania present peculiar features.
Organization of a new railway company to build to the iron country; another company's route surveyed.

National.
Estes of Minnesota appointed consul.
A defaulter leaves Louisville with \$20,000.
Democratic gains in Iowa town elections.
First annual session of the young republican club.

Foreign.
The commander of the Enterprise wants an examination.
Lieutenant Governor Rice or Knute Nelson to run against Merriam.
National League a scholastic committee meets, a few club officials probable.

Foreign.
Strikes spread in Germany.
Train wreck in London kills four.
Major Abraham Lincoln is no better.
The Quaker's crew, by cowardice, caused fearful loss of life.

WANT CO-OPERATION.

Superior People Visit Duluth to get a

A delegation from across the bay headed by President Egan of the West Superior chamber of commerce, attended the meeting of the Duluth Chamber this morning. The Superior people came over to ask co-operation from Duluth in securing excursion rates from Eastern points to the head of the lake, the same as are issued for other cities. It was thought that a pull together would bring about this desired result. After long talks by citizens of both towns a committee was appointed to confer with the Duluth Chamber of Commerce.

A communication from the Cincinnati chamber of commerce, relating to the foreign commerce of the United States, was filed. The committee appointed to make all arrangements for quarters in the new chamber of commerce building, reported that a rental of \$100 a month would be charged for the rooms. It is probable that the chamber will not accept such a proposition. The committee on Ontario plan asked for further time in which to prepare its report.

The matter of holding an international regatta at the head of the lake was brought up, and the members of the Chamber unanimously approved the project, and will do its utmost to help the matter along. The matter of securing Professor Phelps' services for a term of years is still in statu quo. The secretary has received advantageous offers from Seattle, Tacoma and St. Paul, and the Duluth Chamber has offered to pay his expenses to and from their city if he will visit them.

LA PRAIRIE'S GROWTH.

His Rapid and Excellent Push Owing to

The rapid growth of La Prairie (late Akeley) continues. S. E. Boots has commenced the erection of a photo gallery on Shaw avenue. James Smith is building a fine two-story frame building on Second street opposite Fraser's hotel to be occupied as a furniture store. Mr. and Mrs. Smith also intend building a handsome residence for themselves in block 27. The design is a most attractive one. The plans of the interior of the house were drawn up by Mrs. Smith. It will be the finest house in the village.

Work has commenced on the Itasca Lumber company's warehouse, in size it will be 250x100 feet, and will cost \$100,000. A 40-horse stable for the same company. A new house is under way. John Breckenbach's new house is ready for the roof. Nose Manston, the popular roadmaster, is putting up two stores. J. Flaherty is building a residence directly opposite the depot. Dixon C. Twiss is putting up a 1 1/2-story building for a restaurant. MacMahon's new saloon building will be ready for occupancy in a day or two. Capis & Kennedy are building a large ice house.

Honor to a Duluthian, Instead.

To the Editor of The Herald.
"Nineteen Years Ago" Senators Ramsey and Windom at Washington harbor. — Herald, March 3.
Nineteen years ago O. P. Stearns and Windom was a senator from Minnesota and it was Senators Ramsey and Stearns who secured an amendment to the river and harbor bill giving Duluth her first appropriation for her harbor. J. J. J.

A Coming Musical.
Mrs. Nicholls will give musical next Thursday evening at her residence, 421 First avenue west. About seventy invitations have been issued, and the guests will be given a musical treat. Mrs. Nicholls will sing, and the other local musicians who will entertain is Mrs. Schmidt, with several piano selections.

CITY BRIEFS.

The Olean Land company is moving its office into the Chamber of Commerce building.

The city officials are unusually efficient today, and have very little to say on the question of civil service reform. Today is pay day at the city hall. The treasurer's office is thronged with city employees some of whom will have to seek other employment hereafter.

The Lakeside Land company's office is undergoing several changes, which will greatly improve its appearance. The Peoples theater have secured a treasure in Geo. W. Wilson, who is said to be one of the most remarkable contortionists on the stage.

The Sacred Heart dramatic club had a rehearsal at Temple Opera last night. Silberstein & Bondy's delivery team ran away in the East End this morning. At the corner of Second street and Seventh avenue the outfit collided with a lamp post, cutting it off level with the ground and breaking up the delivery sleigh pretty badly.

The county commissioners meet tomorrow. A large amount of business will be transacted.

A colored wedding is on the tapis for tonight, in which neither of the contracting parties are very young, the bride being 40 and the groom 50 years old. The names on the license are Horace L. Williams and Mary E. Ecton.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Wal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WORLD OF COMMERCE.

A Market Firmer and Slightly Better for Wheat To-day.

Chicago Gossip; Stock Prices; The Daily Movement; Notes.

There was an interesting wheat market today. At the opening there was a most pronounced bulge, the first sales of May being 1/2 above yesterday's close. The strength was the result, principally, of numerous buying orders from the outside and a scarcity of wheat, the rapid advance on other markets just after the opening and heavy covering by shorts. Partridge alone is credited with buying over 2,000,000 bushels in Chicago and other buying there was in proportion. This had a big effect here.

The opening prices, however, proved to be the highest of the day, for sellers became more common, and the shorts filled up the demand decreased. There was good trading all day however. The decline which set in early kept up to 12:30, and was 1/2. After that hour there was a slight reaction, and the close was firm at last night's price.

There was nothing done in cash wheat, but prices were high. No. 1 hard closed at 73 1/2, No. 1 northern at 73 1/2, No. 2 northern at 73 1/2, No. 3 northern at 73 1/2, No. 4 northern at 73 1/2, No. 5 northern at 73 1/2, No. 6 northern at 73 1/2, No. 7 northern at 73 1/2, No. 8 northern at 73 1/2, No. 9 northern at 73 1/2, No. 10 northern at 73 1/2, No. 11 northern at 73 1/2, No. 12 northern at 73 1/2, No. 13 northern at 73 1/2, No. 14 northern at 73 1/2, No. 15 northern at 73 1/2, No. 16 northern at 73 1/2, No. 17 northern at 73 1/2, No. 18 northern at 73 1/2, No. 19 northern at 73 1/2, No. 20 northern at 73 1/2, No. 21 northern at 73 1/2, No. 22 northern at 73 1/2, No. 23 northern at 73 1/2, No. 24 northern at 73 1/2, No. 25 northern at 73 1/2, No. 26 northern at 73 1/2, No. 27 northern at 73 1/2, No. 28 northern at 73 1/2, No. 29 northern at 73 1/2, No. 30 northern at 73 1/2, No. 31 northern at 73 1/2, No. 32 northern at 73 1/2, No. 33 northern at 73 1/2, No. 34 northern at 73 1/2, No. 35 northern at 73 1/2, No. 36 northern at 73 1/2, No. 37 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